

# **Vulnerable Families**

# **Survey**

**Community Area**  
**Wiltshire 2010**



**Public Health Department**  
**NHS Wiltshire**

**We'd like to thank all of the health visitors who completed the surveys without which this project would not have been possible.**

**Report Prepared by:**

Rebecca Simonds  
Public Health Department  
NHS Wiltshire  
Southgate House  
Devizes

E-mail: [Rebecca.Simonds@wiltshire.nhs.uk](mailto:Rebecca.Simonds@wiltshire.nhs.uk)  
Phone: 01380 733808

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# 1 Executive Summary:

This summary aims to give a brief overview and some of the key findings from this report.

Every family with a pre-school child(ren) has a named health visitor and the main focus of their work is relating to pre-school children registered with a Wiltshire General Practitioner (GP). The survey was completed by health visitors in October 2010.

- 19,979 families were surveyed, and 19,271 have been successfully matched to their community area based on their postcode.
- There are 2,323 families classed as vulnerable within Wiltshire, of which 2,261 have been allocated to a community area.
- Chippenham has the largest number of families registered with a health visitor out of the community areas, with 2,018 families.
- Salisbury has the largest number of families classed as vulnerable (343) this equates to approximately one in five families in Salisbury being classed as vulnerable.
- Mere has the smallest number of families of any of the community areas (125).
- Marlborough has the smallest number of families classed as vulnerable (9).
- Three of the top five LSOAs with the highest percentage of vulnerable families are within the Salisbury Community Area. The remaining two are within Southern Wiltshire and Amesbury.
- The most common factors experienced by families are parent(s) smoke (12%), low income (benefit dependent) (12%), and parent(s) has mental illness (11%).
- Each Community Area has a section dedicated to describing the factors for their area using a mixture of graphs and tables.

This report suggests that there needs to be some further investigation into differences across Wiltshire, and a retargeting of resources within Wiltshire to take into account the distribution of vulnerable families with enhanced needs.

This report will be shared with specialist and targeted services to inform their service delivery and commissioning.

## 2 Introduction to the Vulnerable Families Survey 2010

### 2.1 Introduction

NHS Wiltshire requires information to monitor the health and wellbeing of children and families within their area in order to manage and allocate resources suitably. *This is why the Vulnerable Families Survey was carried out in Wiltshire.*

#### 2.1.1 Background

Health visitors provide an integral part of the NHS Community Health Service. The main focus of their work is relating to pre-school children registered with a Wiltshire General Practitioner (GP). Every family with a pre-school child(ren) has a named health visitor, in Wiltshire there has been a move for this workforce to deliver The Healthy Child Programme, which is divided into a Universal and Progressive Programme of interventions.

As of November 2010 there were 61.4 Full Time Equivalent (FTE) Health Visitors working in Wiltshire. There are 9 Health Visitor Team bases located across the county with the largest team based jointly in Chippenham/Corsham.

#### 2.1.2 Analysis and Reports

The data collected from the Wiltshire 2010 vulnerable families survey can be analysed in two main ways:

- Linking the GP code of the family to a Health Visitor Team.
- Linking the postcode to a geographical area.

This report uses the second method using postcodes to link to geographical area and focuses on the twenty Community Areas within Wiltshire. It follows on from the overall Vulnerable Families Survey<sup>1</sup> which should be read in conjunction with this report.

This report covers:

- Community Areas
- LSOAs (Lower Super Output Areas)
- Deprivation (using IMD 2007 scores)

See Appendices 1 and 2 for a copy of the survey form and indicator definitions. For more information on the demographic characteristics of Wiltshire please see the overall report, "Vulnerable Families Survey, Wiltshire 2010"<sup>1</sup> for details.

#### 2.1.3 Definition of a vulnerable family

For the purposes of this report, cases (families) that experienced 4 or more of the surveyed factors (see Appendix 1 – The Survey Form), or where there was a child(ren) at risk of significant harm (Question 9) are classed as being vulnerable. This is a proxy measure for level of need which is described by the Healthy Child Programme as 'Progressive' support.

#### 2.1.4 Deprivation

Deprivation indicators are used to describe the level of poverty or disadvantage in an area. The Index of Multiple Deprivation 2007 is a national indicator based on multiple factors that impact on deprivation including income, education and the environment. Deprivation is useful to analyse in terms of health outcomes as many of the variables link to the wider determinants of health.

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<sup>1</sup> Vulnerable Families Survey, Wiltshire 2010 produced by R Simonds, NHS Wiltshire February 2011

### 3 Overall Results

**Table 1 – Overall Results, Wiltshire, 2010**

Descriptor	Number
Number of Health Visitors (name count)	79
Number of Full Time Equivalent (FTE) Health Visitors	61.4
Number of Health Visitor Teams	9
Total number of families surveyed	19,979
Number allocated to a Community Area	19,271 *
Number of families deemed to be vulnerable (all families)	2,323 (11.6% of all cases)
Number of families deemed to be vulnerable (allocated to a Comm. Area)	2,261 ** (11.7% of cases)
Largest number of families in a Community Area	2,018 Chippenham
Smallest number of families in a Community Area	125 Mere
Average number of families per Community Area	964 ***
Largest number of vulnerable families in a Community Area	343 Salisbury
Smallest number of vulnerable families in a Community Area	9 Marlborough
Average number of vulnerable families in a Community Area	113 ***

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

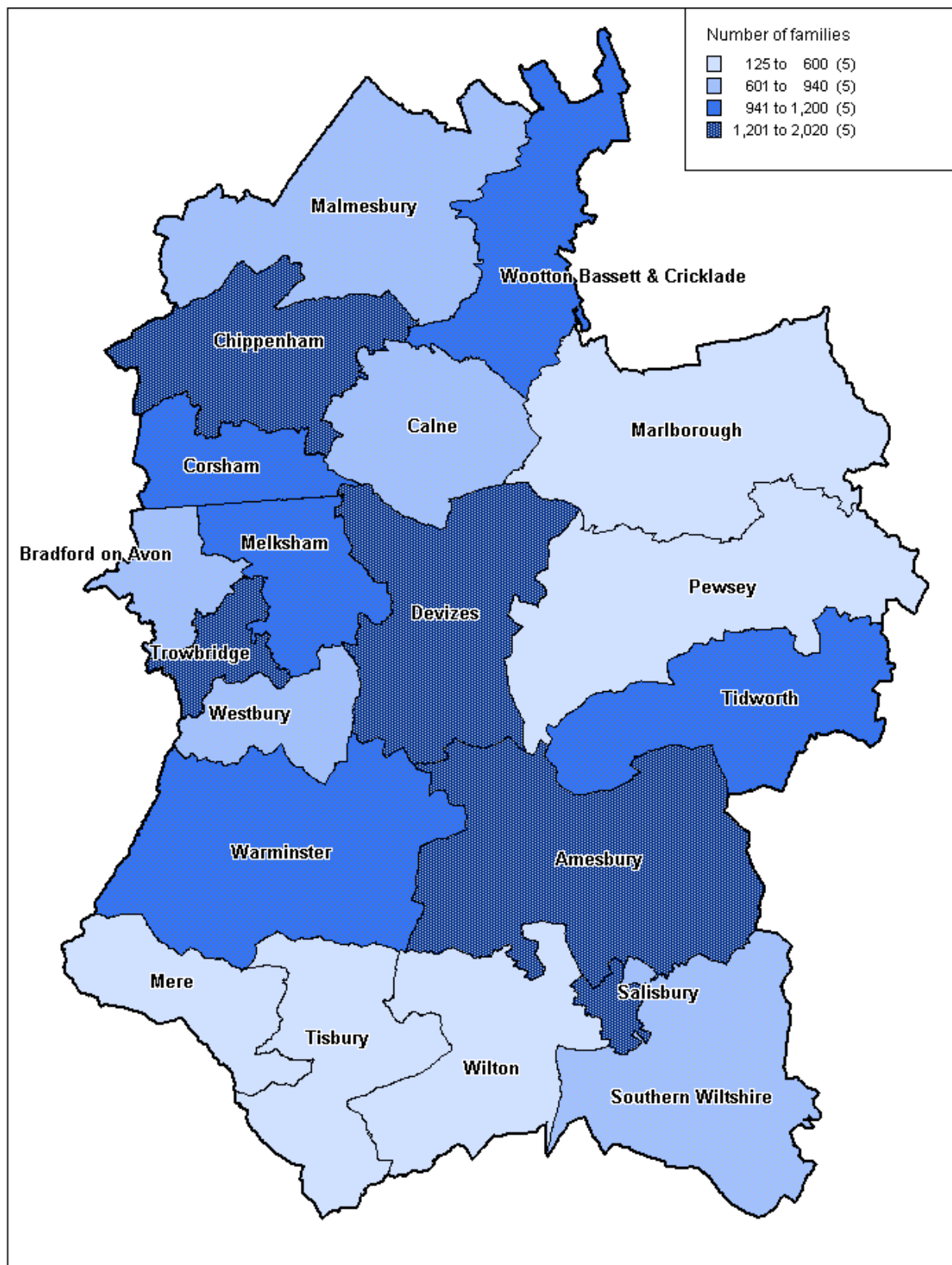
\* 708 families could not be allocated a community area because they were either out of county or had a missing or incomplete postcode.

\*\*Similarly, 62 vulnerable families could not be allocated to a community area for the same reasons as above

\*\*\*(of those with an allocated Community Area)

There is considerable variation in the number of families in each Community Area. Mere has only 125 families whereas Chippenham has 2,018. Readers are encouraged to use all the information in the report to obtain an accurate assessment of local circumstances.

Figure 1- Map of number of families by community area. Wiltshire, 2010



Source: Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

Contains Ordnance Survey data ©. Crown copyright and database right 2010.

**Table 2– Families and families classed as vulnerable by Community Area**

Community Area	Number of families	Number of <u>vulnerable</u> families	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>	Rank by % of <u>vulnerable</u> families	Average number of factors experienced by families	Average number of factors experienced by <u>vulnerable</u> families
Amesbury	1,600	255	<b>15.9</b>	5	1.8	5.2
Bradford On Avon	754	34	4.5	19	0.5	6.0
Calne	939	78	8.3	14	0.8	7.5
Chippenham	2,018	236	11.7	11	1.3	6.2
Corsham	1,016	91	9.0	13	1.0	5.6
Devizes	1,266	101	8.0	15	0.9	6.6
Malmesbury	737	100	<b>13.6</b>	7	1.5	5.9
Marlborough	540	9	1.7	20	0.4	5.8
Melksham	1,143	87	7.6	16	0.9	6.1
Mere	125	20	<b>16.0</b>	4	1.5	5.0
Pewsey	491	23	4.7	18	0.6	5.4
Salisbury	1,640	343	<b>20.9</b>	1	2.0	7.0
Southern Wiltshire	622	108	<b>17.4</b>	2	1.8	6.2
Tidworth	1,173	146	<b>12.4</b>	8	2.0	5.2
Tisbury	162	20	<b>12.3</b>	9	1.3	5.6
Trowbridge	1,930	234	<b>12.1</b>	10	1.5	6.6
Warminster	962	109	11.3	12	1.3	5.5
Westbury	897	151	<b>16.8</b>	3	1.7	5.9
Wilton	309	45	<b>14.6</b>	6	1.6	6.0
Wootton Bassett & Cricklade	947	71	7.5	17	1.2	5.3
<b>Wiltshire</b>	<b>19271*</b>	<b>2261**</b>	<b>11.7</b>		<b>1.3</b>	<b>6.1</b>

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

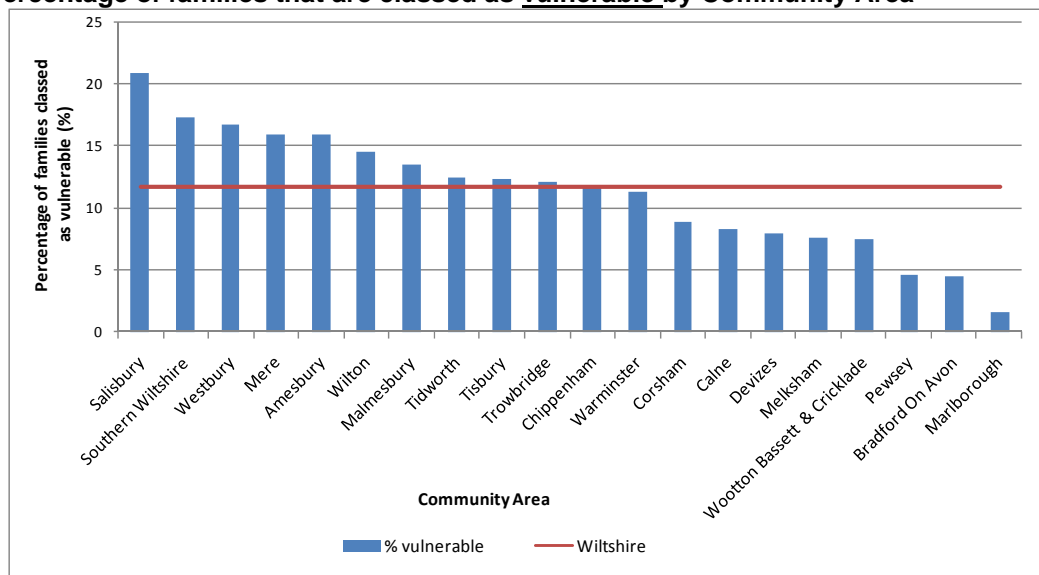
\* 708 families could not be allocated a community area because they were either out of county or had a missing or incomplete postcode.

\*\*Similarly, 62 vulnerable families could not be allocated to a community area for the same reasons as above

The percentages highlighted in **bold** show the areas with higher percentages of vulnerable families than the Wiltshire average.

Analysis: The Community Areas have been ranked according to the percentage of vulnerable families in the area in the final column of the table. However, because of the variation in number of families the ranking should not be considered in isolation.

**Figure 2– Percentage of families that are classed as vulnerable by Community Area**



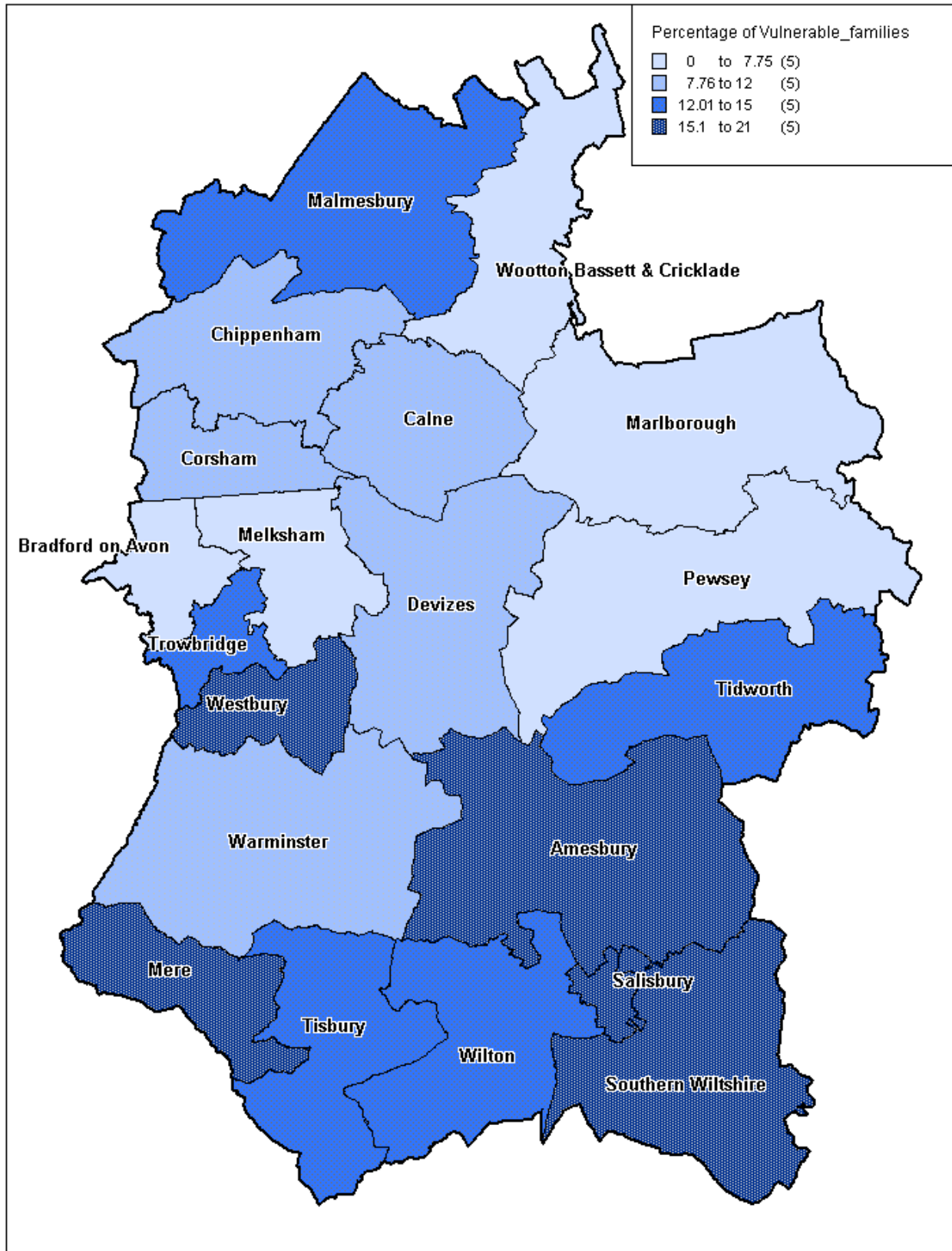
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010.

**Analysis:** This table shows that Chippenham and Trowbridge have the highest number of families on the health visiting team’s caseloads with 2,018 and 1,930 respectively. This does not however take into account vulnerability or level of need.



The chart highlights that 21% of families living in the Salisbury community area are classed as vulnerable. This is the highest percentage of any of the community areas. The overall Wiltshire percentage is 12%. Marlborough has the lowest percentage of families classed as vulnerable (2%) with only 9 families of the 540 within the community area being classed as vulnerable.

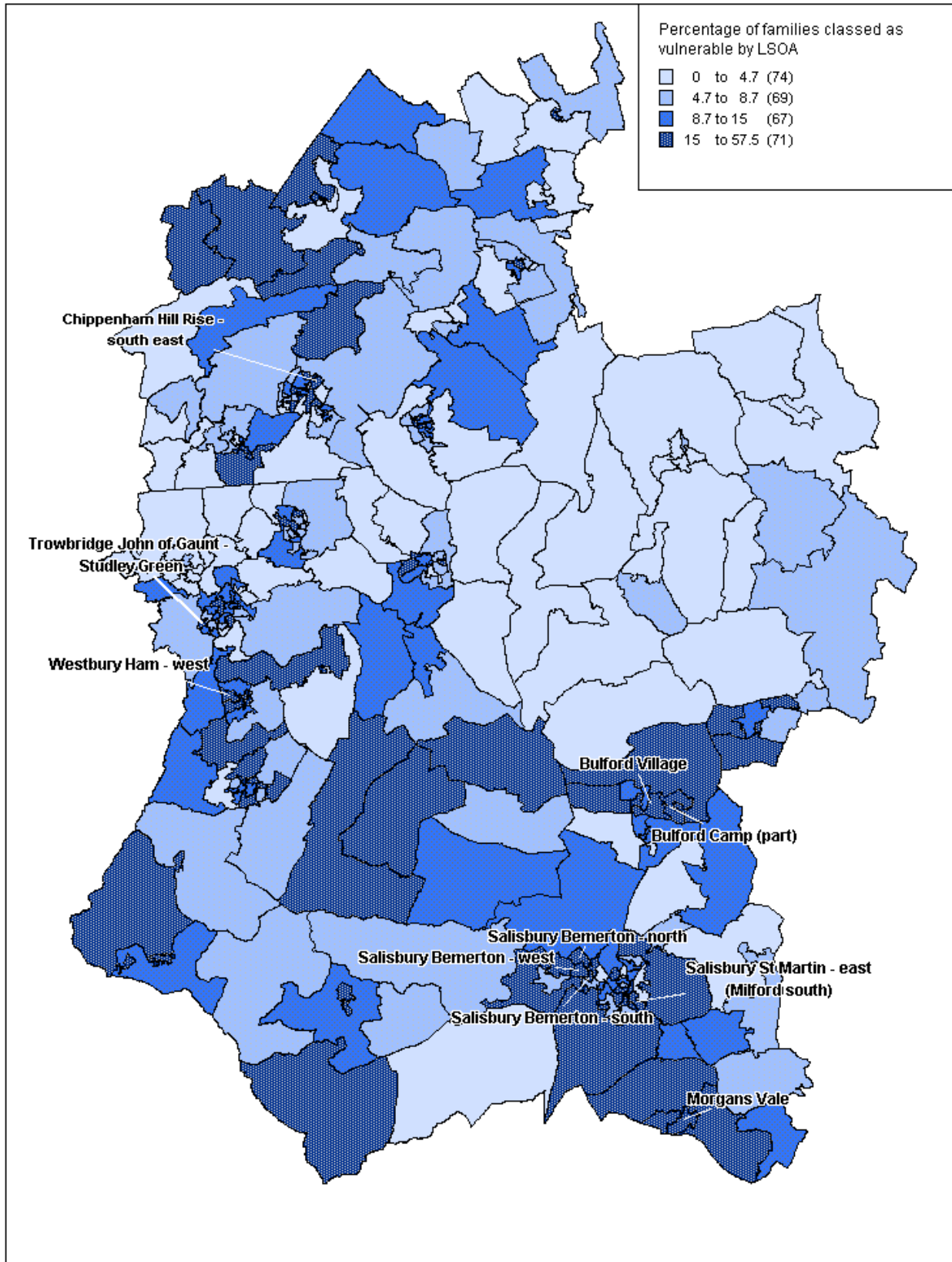
Figure 3 Percentage of families within each community area classed as vulnerable. Wiltshire, 2010.



Source: Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

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**Figure 4—Percentage of families in each LSOA that are vulnerable (the 10 LSOAs with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable are labelled).**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

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**Table 3 - Lower Super Output Areas with the highest percentage of vulnerable families Top 10 within Wiltshire.**

LSOA_code	LSOA_Name	Number of families	Number of families classed as <u>vulnerable</u>	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>	Community Area
E01031983	Salisbury Bemerton - south	108	62	57.4	Salisbury
E01031981	Salisbury Bemerton - west	92	48	52.2	Salisbury
E01032023	Salisbury St Martin - central	76	36	47.4	Salisbury
E01031994	Morgans Vale	48	20	41.7	Southern Wiltshire
E01031988	Bulford Camp (part)	209	76	36.4	Amesbury
E01032118	Westbury Ham - west	76	27	35.5	Westbury
E01031980	Salisbury Bemerton - north	82	29	35.4	Salisbury
E01031914	Chippenham Hill Rise - north west	80	28	35.0	Chippenham
E01031989	Bulford Village	89	29	32.6	Amesbury
E01032096	Trowbridge John of Gaunt - Studley Green	109	33	30.3	Trowbridge
<b>Wiltshire Average</b>				<b>11.7</b>	

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

Analysis: There are almost 300 LSOAs (Lower Super Output Areas) within Wiltshire. This table shows the LSOAs that have the highest percentages of families classed as vulnerable. All of these LSOAs have 30% or more of the families living in these areas classed as vulnerable.

Bulford Camp (part) has the highest number of vulnerable families with 76 being classed as vulnerable. The LSOA with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Salisbury Bemerton Heath – South. Over half of the families in this LSOA are classed as vulnerable.

Four out of these top 10 are within the Salisbury Community Area.

## 4 Deprivation

### 4.1 Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD 2007) and Vulnerability

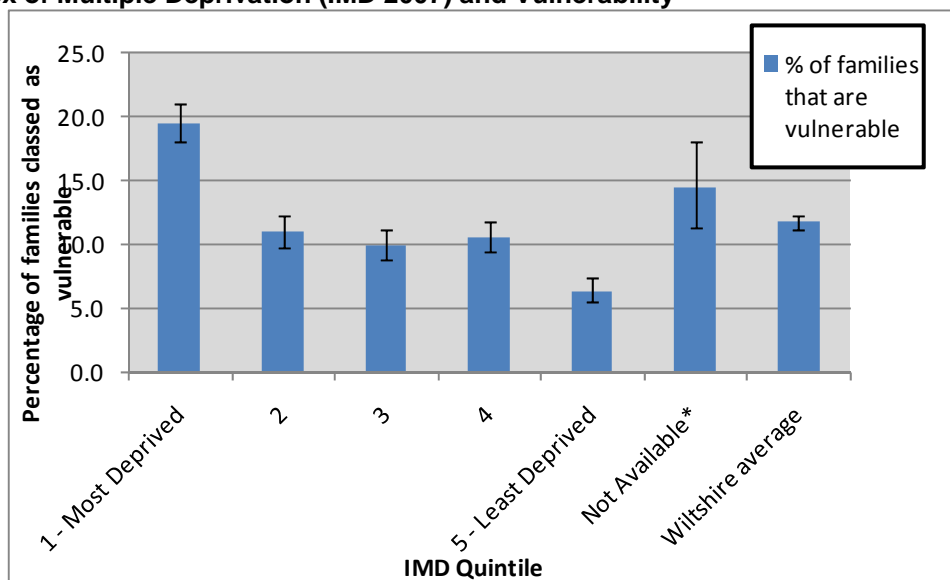
Table 4 - Families and vulnerable families by IMD (2007) Quintiles

IMD quintile for Wiltshire	All families	Number of <u>vulnerable</u> families	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
1 - Most Deprived	4,113	803	19.5
2	3,390	373	11.0
3	3,511	347	9.9
4	3,890	412	10.6
5 - Least Deprived	3,763	239	6.4
Not Available*	604	87	14.4
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>19,271</b>	<b>2,261</b>	<b>11.7</b>

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\*The IMD Quintiles is linked to each family using the postcode to link to LSOA and then to IMD. Not all postcodes were complete and therefore could not be linked to IMD 2007.

Figure 5 – Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD 2007) and Vulnerability



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Analysis:** The difference in vulnerability is striking between the two extremes. The percentage of families in the most deprived areas is statistically significantly higher than the other quintiles of deprivation and the Wiltshire average.

Almost one in five families (19.5%) living in the most deprived areas are vulnerable, however in the least deprived areas only 6% of families are classed as vulnerable (one in approximately 17 families).

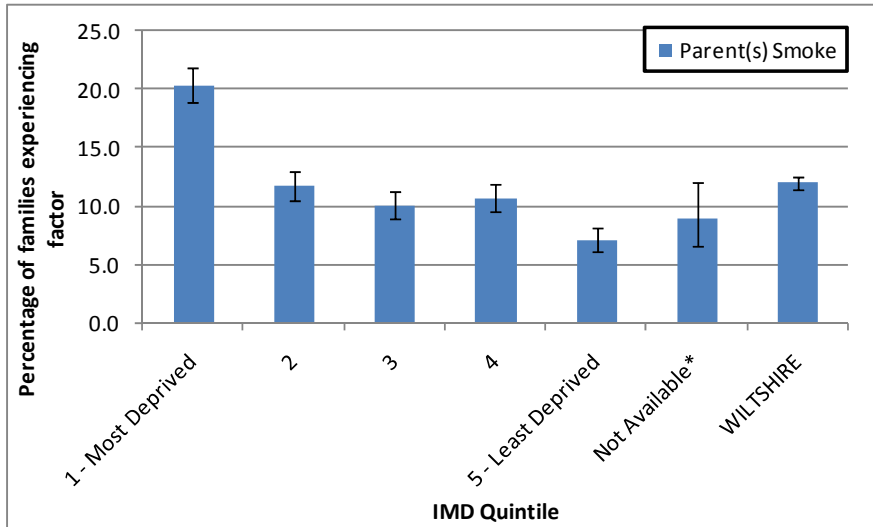
## 4.2 Common Factors

The most common surveyed factors that affected **all** families are:

- Parent(s) who smoke (Wiltshire value - 12%)
- Low income/dependent on benefits (Wiltshire value - 12%)
- Parent(s) with depression or other mental health illness (Wiltshire value - 11%)
- Parent away regularly for long periods of time (Wiltshire value - 10%)
- One parent families (Wiltshire value - 9%)

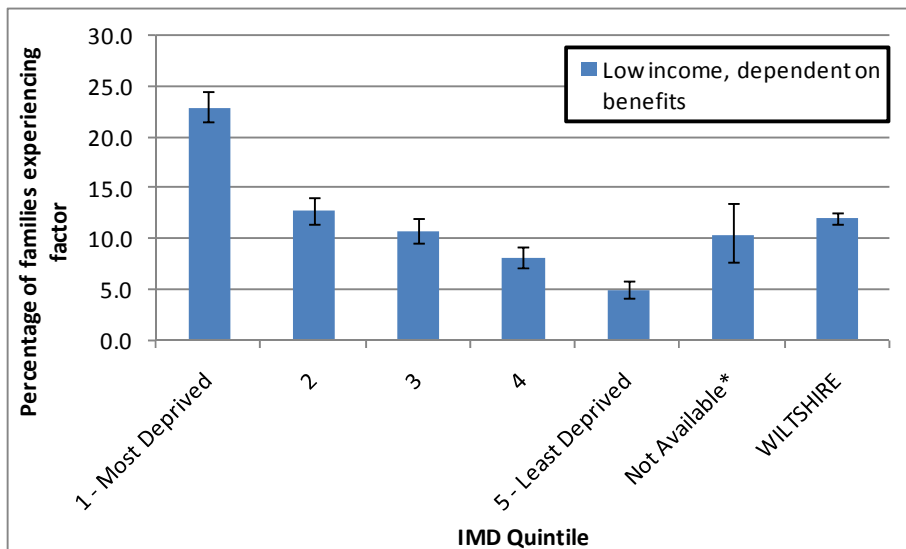
The charts below show the factors above linked to the IMD (2007) quintiles for the families classed as vulnerable. Please note that the scales on these charts are not all the same. As shown in table 4 there are 604 families (87 vulnerable families) that could not be allocated to an IMD quintile.

**Figure 6– Parent(s) smoke by IMD**



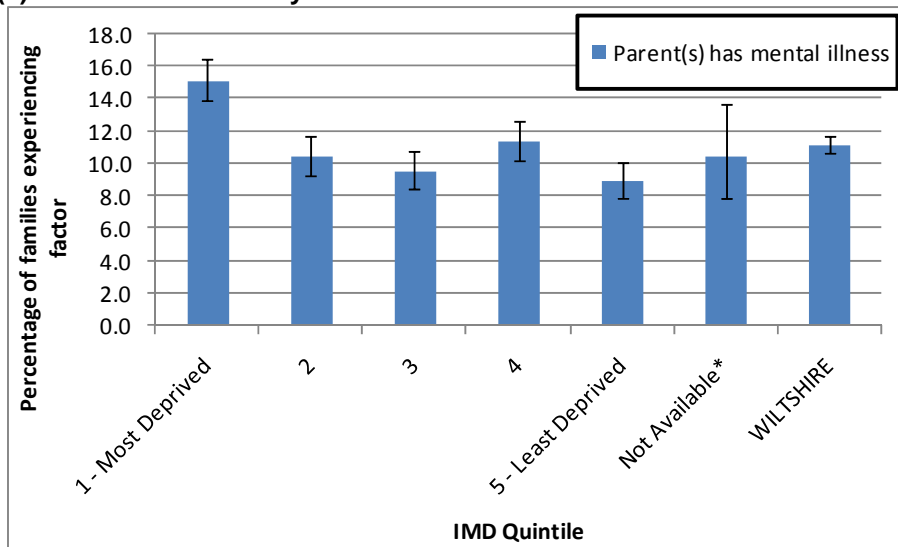
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Figure 7– Families experiencing low income/dependent on benefits by IMD**



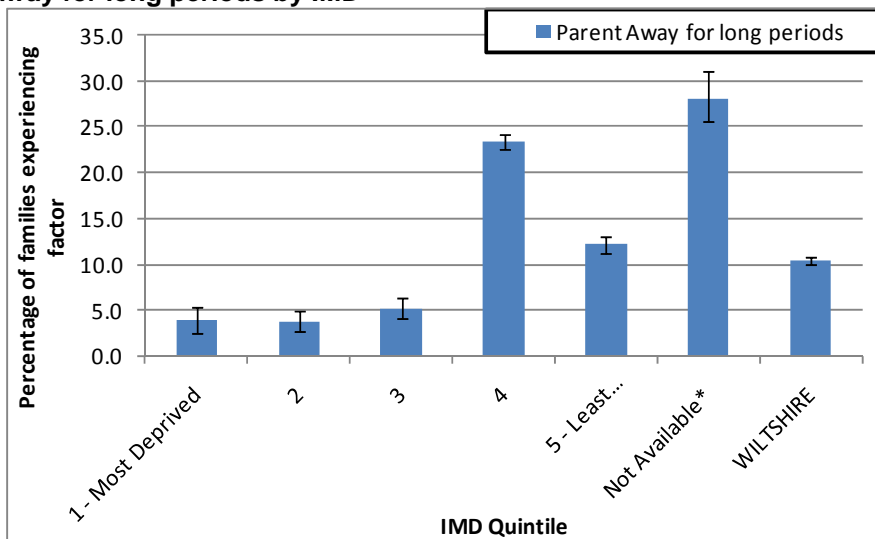
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Figure 8– Parent(s) has mental illness by IMD**



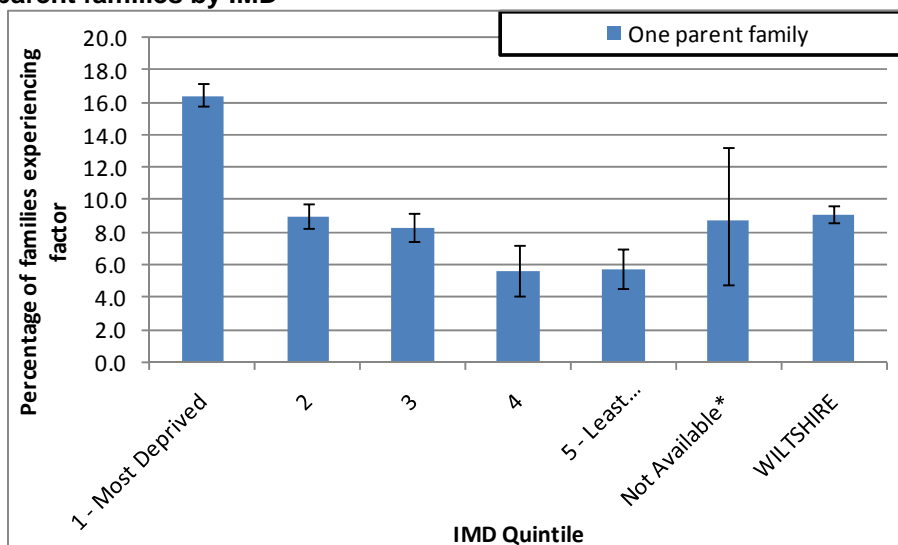
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Figure 9– Parent away for long periods by IMD**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Figure 10 – One parent families by IMD**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

Analysis: Figure 5 (Overall IMD) shows a clear relationship between deprivation and vulnerability. This is mirrored in the relationship between parent(s) who smoke, low income and one parent families. In these cases the highest percentages are seen in the most deprived quintile (IMD 1) and the lowest percentage in the least deprived quintile (IMD 5).

Parent(s) has a mental illness has a slightly different pattern with IMD quintiles 2, 3, 4 and 5 all have similar percentages. The most deprived quintile has a significantly higher percentage than the Wiltshire average.

Parent away for long periods shows a different picture with the highest percentage of families experiencing parent away for long periods being in IMD groups 4 and 5 – the two least deprived quintiles.



# 5 Community Area Results

## 5.1 Summary (Tables by factor)

Table 5 – Numbers of families experiencing factors (All Community Areas)

Health Factor	Amesbury	Bradford	Caine	Chippenham	Corsham	Devizes	Malmesbury	Marlborough	Melksham	Mere	Pewsey	Salisbury	Southern Wiltshire	Tidworth	Tisbury	Trowbridge	Warminster	Westbury	Wilton	Wootton Bassett & Cricklade	Wiltshire Community Areas*
<b>Number of families</b>	<b>1,600</b>	<b>754</b>	<b>939</b>	<b>2,018</b>	<b>1,016</b>	<b>1,266</b>	<b>737</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>1,143</b>	<b>125</b>	<b>491</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>622</b>	<b>1,173</b>	<b>162</b>	<b>1,930</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>897</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>947</b>	<b>19,271</b>
Parent(s) smoke	<u>245</u>	27	47	<u>318</u>	64	69	100	13	77	15	39	<u>307</u>	<u>108</u>	156	<u>38</u>	<u>282</u>	106	<u>137</u>	52	117	2,317
Low income, benefit dependent	215	40	74	<u>304</u>	70	53	<u>132</u>	23	96	<u>47</u>	22	<u>390</u>	<u>125</u>	54	<u>42</u>	238	122	125	<u>57</u>	87	2,316
Parent(s) has mental illness	<u>226</u>	42	68	167	68	89	<u>123</u>	29	95	<u>25</u>	17	<u>271</u>	<u>100</u>	125	19	<u>313</u>	89	<u>165</u>	39	85	2,155
Parent away for long periods	<u>635</u>	-	5	77	58	51	36	-	11	-	-	35	7	<u>638</u>	-	23	<u>155</u>	10	29	<u>221</u>	1,998
One parent family	89	28	72	<u>240</u>	95	99	43	25	98	<u>20</u>	23	<u>224</u>	39	73	23	<u>257</u>	94	<u>132</u>	37	46	1,757
Social isolation	<u>352</u>	-	23	73	65	30	47	-	25	7	6	72	21	<u>640</u>	-	60	61	41	18	<u>137</u>	1,684
Children with SE/medical needs	<u>242</u>	21	44	138	52	72	73	22	113	8	23	120	<u>74</u>	75	13	132	83	93	22	81	1,501
Behavioural problems	89	15	45	145	59	48	71	12	47	-	41	<u>170</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>118</u>	6	132	41	<u>187</u>	17	40	1,373
Parenting difficulties	<u>157</u>	17	44	<u>145</u>	41	53	62	7	54	-	8	<u>202</u>	<u>99</u>	67	-	<u>165</u>	39	49	24	20	1,254
Developmental delay	99	11	47	70	48	52	23	6	41	9	12	99	37	<u>97</u>	-	91	36	<u>91</u>	12	40	922
Major wage earner unemployed	30	15	41	122	44	74	33	-	44	-	10	<u>132</u>	29	21	14	118	<u>66</u>	48	<u>27</u>	27	901
Difficulties with spoken English	27	12	-	83	21	37	34	5	41	-	5	<u>94</u>	21	50	-	<u>168</u>	<u>57</u>	24	12	37	732
Poor housing	71	8	13	71	27	17	18	-	22	7	5	<u>196</u>	27	35	-	84	22	18	13	8	665
Violence in family	58	9	13	67	32	55	13	6	25	7	6	<u>129</u>	30	26	7	82	27	34	16	8	650
Separation/Divorce	37	10	20	68	33	37	22	-	32	-	-	<u>106</u>	21	28	5	64	<u>55</u>	42	16	19	624
Disabled adult within family	40	11	15	50	13	19	<u>47</u>	5	31	5	10	68	<u>35</u>	25	-	76	37	37	9	19	554
Extra monitoring	48	4	16	52	13	14	16	-	18	-	8	<u>75</u>	<u>37</u>	19	7	<u>76</u>	24	54	10	18	512
Has named professional support	32	6	35	37	8	21	26	7	28	6	7	<u>77</u>	17	21	7	64	16	24	7	10	456
Bereavement in family	21	6	9	48	19	13	<u>26</u>	5	9	-	7	30	<u>28</u>	8	-	40	24	<u>30</u>	<u>13</u>	7	349
In temporary accommodation	21	9	9	21	29	9	14	-	18	-	-	<u>70</u>	19	-	-	38	22	24	<u>17</u>	5	334
Parent(s) in care/abused	24	9	18	50	23	24	6	-	15	-	-	<u>68</u>	14	-	-	25	9	22	9	6	333
Parent(s) literacy problems	15	-	21	25	20	<u>46</u>	14	-	24	-	-	<u>52</u>	<u>22</u>	-	-	29	9	24	-	5	317
Parent(s) abuse alcohol	11	-	-	28	6	<u>32</u>	11	-	11	-	-	<u>60</u>	12	6	-	27	8	12	5	6	249
3 or more children under 5years	21	6	12	20	5	13	<u>25</u>	-	13	5	-	19	6	15	-	36	17	16	-	6	247
Failed to follow up advice	23	-	18	30	20	16	-	-	8	-	6	<u>57</u>	12	-	-	29	-	6	-	-	247
Low birthweight	16	9	14	28	-	13	8	-	8	-	-	19	10	5	-	30	8	17	6	9	209
Children at risk of significant harm	9	-	11	19	-	17	5	-	7	-	-	<u>50</u>	-	5	-	<u>35</u>	-	9	5	7	201
Parent(s) learning difficulties	11	-	9	19	17	9	7	-	8	-	-	<u>37</u>	9	-	-	17	8	14	6	9	187
Parent(s) abuse drugs	16	-	11	24	-	21	10	-	8	-	-	<u>30</u>	6	6	-	17	-	12	-	-	174
Child with CAF	19	-	8	15	9	9	-	-	6	-	-	25	<u>16</u>	6	-	8	8	8	-	5	158
3 or more addresses	6	-	7	15	-	5	11	-	-	-	-	<u>23</u>	-	-	-	18	12	13	-	-	133
Parent(s) under 18	14	-	8	11	7	9	-	-	-	-	-	21	-	-	-	<u>29</u>	-	8	-	-	129
Gypsy or Traveller family	7	-	-	6	10	-	<u>12</u>	-	-	-	-	13	<u>20</u>	-	-	-	-	10	-	10	104
Previous SID	8	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	-	8	-	12	-	7	-	-	76

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

- Numbers suppressed, "-" percentages not calculated. Please note that some indicators are significantly lower but due to suppression the value has not been shown.

These cases are indicated with :

Numbers underlined means that the value is statistically significantly higher than Wiltshire

\*\* Families with allocated Community Area only

Table 6 – Percentage of families experiencing factors (All Community Areas)

Health Factor	Amesbury	Bradford	Caine	Chippenham	Corsham	Devizes	Malmesbury	Marlborough	Melksham	Mere	Pewsey	Salisbury	Southern Wiltshire	Tidworth	Tisbury	Trowbridge	Warminster	Westbury	Wilton	Wootton Bassett & Cricklade	Wiltshire Community Areas**	
Number of families	1,600	754	939	2,018	1,016	1,266	737	540	1,143	125	491	1,640	622	1,173	162	1,930	962	897	309	947	19,271	
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Parent(s) smoke	<u>15.3</u>	3.6	5.0	<u>15.8</u>	6.3	5.5	13.6	2.4	6.7	12.0	7.9	<u>18.7</u>	<u>17.4</u>	13.3	<u>23.5</u>	<u>14.6</u>	11.0	<u>15.3</u>	16.8	12.4	12.0	
Low income, benefit dependent	13.4	5.3	7.9	<u>15.1</u>	6.9	4.2	<u>17.9</u>	4.3	8.4	<u>37.6</u>	4.5	<u>23.8</u>	<u>20.1</u>	4.6	<u>25.9</u>	12.3	12.7	13.9	<u>18.4</u>	9.2	12.0	
Parent(s) has mental illness	<u>14.1</u>	5.6	7.2	8.3	6.7	7.0	<u>16.7</u>	5.4	8.3	<u>20.0</u>	3.5	<u>16.5</u>	<u>16.1</u>	10.7	11.7	<u>16.2</u>	9.3	<u>18.4</u>	12.6	9.0	11.2	
Parent away for long periods	<u>39.7</u>	-	0.5	3.8	5.7	4.0	4.9	-	1.0	-	-	2.1	1.1	<u>54.4</u>	-	1.2	<u>16.1</u>	1.1	9.4	<u>23.3</u>	10.4	
One parent family	5.6	3.7	7.7	<u>11.9</u>	9.4	7.8	5.8	4.6	8.6	<u>16.0</u>	4.7	<u>13.7</u>	6.3	6.2	14.2	<u>13.3</u>	9.8	<u>14.7</u>	12.0	4.9	9.1	
Social isolation	<u>22.0</u>	-	2.4	3.6	6.4	2.4	6.4	-	2.2	5.6	1.2	4.4	3.4	<u>54.6</u>	-	3.1	6.3	4.6	5.8	<u>14.5</u>	8.7	
Children with SE/medical needs	<u>15.1</u>	2.8	4.7	6.8	5.1	5.7	9.9	4.1	9.9	6.4	4.7	7.3	<u>11.9</u>	6.4	8.0	6.8	8.6	10.4	7.1	8.6	7.8	
Behavioural problems	5.6	2.0	4.8	7.2	5.8	3.8	9.6	2.2	4.1	-	8.4	<u>10.4</u>	<u>14.1</u>	<u>10.1</u>	3.7	6.8	4.3	<u>20.8</u>	5.5	4.2	7.1	
Parenting difficulties	<u>9.8</u>	2.3	4.7	<u>7.2</u>	4.0	4.2	8.4	1.3	4.7	-	1.6	<u>12.3</u>	<u>15.9</u>	5.7	-	<u>8.5</u>	4.1	5.5	7.8	2.1	6.5	
Developmental delay	6.2	1.5	5.0	3.5	4.7	4.1	3.1	1.1	3.6	7.2	2.4	6.0	5.9	<u>8.3</u>	-	4.7	3.7	<u>10.1</u>	3.9	4.2	4.8	
Major wage earner unemployed	1.9	2.0	4.4	6.0	4.3	5.8	4.5	-	3.8	-	2.0	<u>8.0</u>	4.7	1.8	8.6	6.1	<u>6.9</u>	5.4	<u>8.7</u>	2.9	4.7	
Difficulties with spoken English	1.7	1.6	-	4.1	2.1	2.9	4.6	0.9	3.6	-	1.0	<u>5.7</u>	3.4	4.3	-	<u>8.7</u>	<u>5.9</u>	2.7	3.9	3.9	3.8	
Poor housing	4.4	1.1	1.4	3.5	2.7	1.3	2.4	-	1.9	5.6	1.0	<u>12.0</u>	4.3	3.0	-	4.4	2.3	2.0	4.2	0.8	3.5	
Violence in family	3.6	1.2	1.4	3.3	3.1	4.3	1.8	1.1	2.2	5.6	1.2	<u>7.9</u>	4.8	2.2	4.3	4.2	2.8	3.8	5.2	0.8	3.4	
Separation/Divorce	2.3	1.3	2.1	3.4	3.2	2.9	3.0	-	2.8	-	-	<u>6.5</u>	3.4	2.4	3.1	3.3	<u>5.7</u>	4.7	5.2	2.0	3.2	
Disabled adult within family	2.5	1.5	1.6	2.5	1.3	1.5	<u>6.4</u>	0.9	2.7	4.0	2.0	4.1	<u>5.6</u>	2.1	-	3.9	3.8	4.1	2.9	2.0	2.9	
Extra monitoring	3.0	0.5	1.7	2.6	1.3	1.1	2.2	-	1.6	-	1.6	<u>4.6</u>	<u>5.9</u>	1.6	4.3	<u>3.9</u>	2.5	<u>6.0</u>	3.2	1.9	2.7	
Has named professional support	2.0	0.8	3.7	1.8	0.8	1.7	3.5	1.3	2.4	4.8	1.4	<u>4.7</u>	2.7	1.8	4.3	3.3	1.7	2.7	2.3	1.1	2.4	
Bereavement in family	1.3	0.8	1.0	2.4	1.9	1.0	<u>3.5</u>	0.9	0.8	-	1.4	1.8	<u>4.5</u>	0.7	-	2.1	2.5	<u>3.3</u>	<u>4.2</u>	0.7	1.8	
In temporary accommodation	1.3	1.2	1.0	1.0	2.9	0.7	1.9	-	1.6	-	-	<u>4.3</u>	3.1	-	-	2.0	2.3	2.7	<u>5.5</u>	0.5	1.7	
Parent(s) in care/abused	1.5	1.2	1.9	2.5	2.3	1.9	0.8	-	1.3	-	-	<u>4.1</u>	2.3	-	-	1.3	0.9	2.5	2.9	0.6	1.7	
Parent(s) literacy problems	0.9	-	2.2	1.2	2.0	<u>3.6</u>	1.9	-	2.1	-	-	<u>3.2</u>	<u>3.5</u>	-	-	1.5	0.9	2.7	-	0.5	1.6	
Parent(s) abuse alcohol	0.7	-	-	1.4	0.6	<u>2.5</u>	1.5	-	1.0	-	-	<u>3.7</u>	1.9	0.5	-	1.4	0.8	1.3	1.6	0.6	1.3	
3 or more children under 5years	1.3	0.8	1.3	1.0	0.5	1.0	<u>3.4</u>	-	1.1	4.0	-	1.2	1.0	1.3	-	1.9	1.8	1.8	-	0.6	1.3	
Failed to follow up advice	1.4	-	1.9	1.5	2.0	1.3	-	-	0.7	-	1.2	<u>3.5</u>	1.9	-	-	1.5	-	0.7	-	-	1.3	
Low birthweight	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.4	-	1.0	1.1	-	0.7	-	-	1.2	1.6	0.4	-	1.6	0.8	1.9	1.9	1.0	1.1	
Children at risk of significant harm	0.6	-	1.2	0.9	-	1.3	0.7	-	0.6	-	-	<u>3.0</u>	-	0.4	-	<u>1.8</u>	-	1.0	1.6	0.7	1.0	
Parent(s) learning difficulties	0.7	-	1.0	0.9	1.7	0.7	0.9	-	0.7	-	-	<u>2.3</u>	1.4	-	-	0.9	0.8	1.6	1.9	1.0	1.0	
Parent(s) abuse drugs	1.0	-	1.2	1.2	-	1.7	1.4	-	0.7	-	-	<u>1.8</u>	1.0	0.5	-	0.9	-	1.3	-	0.3	0.9	
Child with CAF	1.2	-	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.7	-	-	0.5	-	-	1.5	<u>2.6</u>	0.5	-	0.4	0.8	0.9	-	0.5	0.8	
3 or more addresses	0.4	-	0.7	0.7	-	0.4	1.5	-	-	-	-	<u>1.4</u>	-	-	-	0.9	1.2	1.4	-	-	0.7	
Parent(s) under 18	0.9	-	0.9	0.5	0.7	0.7	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	-	-	-	<u>1.5</u>	-	0.9	-	-	0.7	
Gypsy or Traveller family	0.4	-	-	0.3	1.0	-	<u>1.6</u>	-	-	-	-	0.8	<u>3.2</u>	0.3	-	-	-	1.1	-	1.1	0.5	
Previous SID	0.5	-	-	0.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	-	0.7	-	0.6	-	0.8	-	-	0.4	

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

- Numbers suppressed, "-" percentages not calculated. Please note that some indicators are significantly lower but due to suppression the value has not been shown.

These cases are indicated with -

Numbers underlined means that the value is statistically significantly higher than Wiltshire

\*\* Families with allocated Community Area only

## 5.2 Amesbury

### Key points:

- There are six factors statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average. Notably the percentage of children with Special educational/medical needs is the highest in Wiltshire with 15% of families with a child(ren) with special Educational or Medical needs.
- Three factors are statistically significantly less common than the Wiltshire average including one parent family and major wage earner unemployed
- The most common factor in Amesbury is parent away for long periods with almost 40% of families experiencing this factor. The only Community Area to have a higher percentage of families experiencing this factor is Tidworth.
- The LSOAs with the highest percentage of vulnerable families are Bulford Camp (part) and Bulford Village. Both of these LSOAs have approximately a third of families classed as vulnerable. Idmiston and Porton and Amesbury East (south) have the smallest percentage of families classed as vulnerable (3.6% and 3.2% respectively).

**Table 7– Amesbury Summary**

	Amesbury	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	1,600	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	255	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	15.9	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

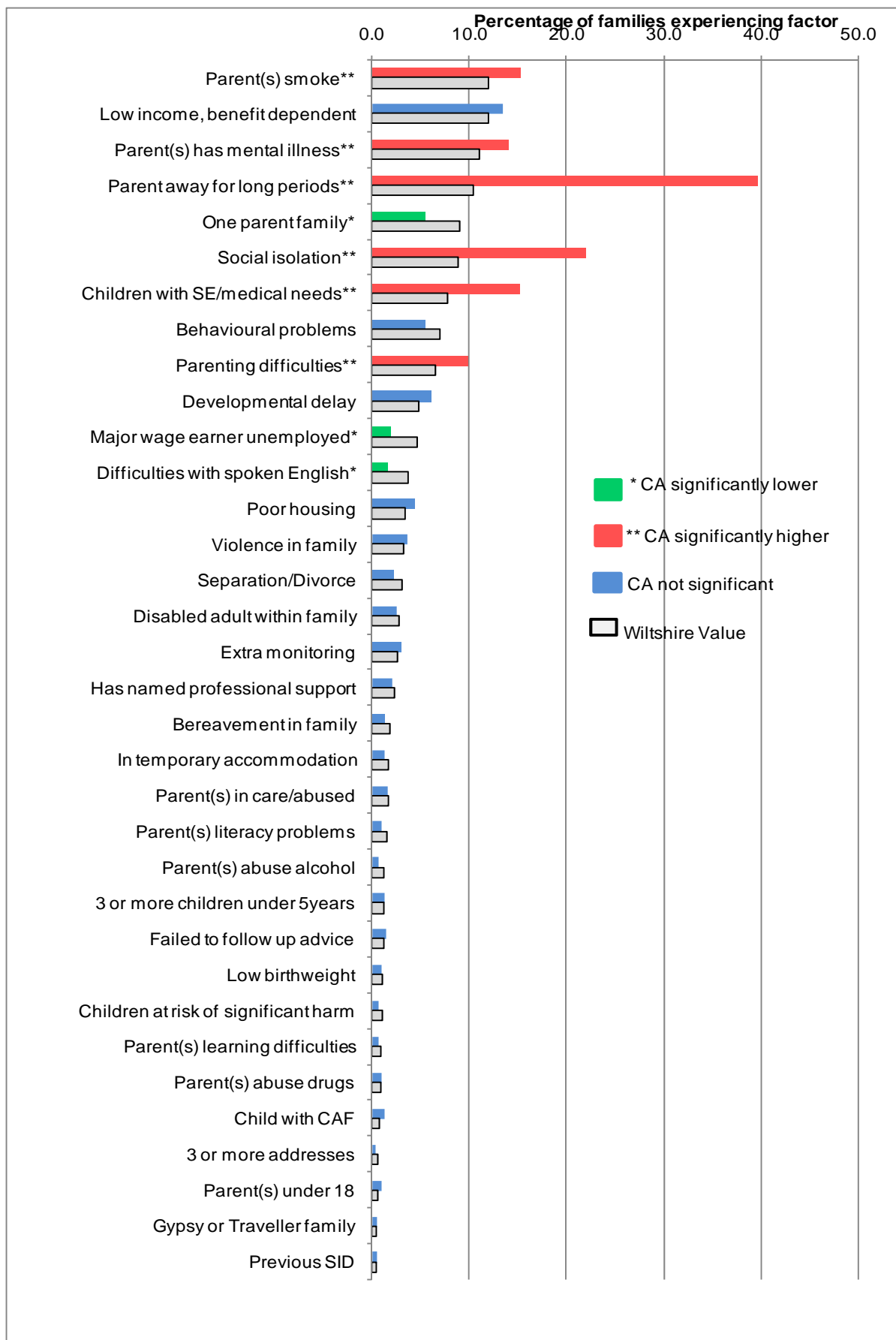
**Table 8– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable families</u>	<u>% of vulnerable families</u>
1 - Most Deprived	128	16	12.5
2	272	49	18.0
3	325	38	11.7
4	591	126	21.3
5 - Least Deprived	247	21	8.5
Not Available*	37	5	13.5
<b>Grand Total</b>	1,600	255	15.9

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintiles

**Figure 11 – Amesbury – Health Factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 9– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

<b>LSOA Code</b>	<b>Amesbury</b>	<b>% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u></b>
E01031974	Amesbury East - north	13.0
E01031975	Amesbury East - north central	13.0
E01031976	Amesbury East - south	3.2
E01031977	Amesbury East - Boscombe Down	9.4
E01031978	Amesbury East - south central	9.1
E01031979	Amesbury West	4.7
E01031987	Bulford Camp (part), Figcheldean & Milston	17.4
E01031988	Bulford Camp (part)	36.4
E01031989	Bulford Village	32.6
E01031996	Durrington - south	18.4
E01031997	Durrington - east	14.0
E01031998	Durrington - Larkhill Camp	15.1
E01031999	Durrington - north	13.0
E01032013	South Newton, Great Wishford, Durnford & Woodfords	10.1
E01032026	Shrewton & Winterbourne Stoke	7.8
E01032027	Wylde & Langfords	11.6
E01032028	Tilshead & Orcheston	17.1
E01032032	Idmiston & Porton	3.6
E01032033	Newton Tony, Cholderton & Boscombe	13.2
E01032034	Winterbournes	7.9

### 5.3 Bradford on Avon

#### Key points:

- Bradford on Avon has no factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average.
- There are 18 factors statistically significantly less common in families living in Bradford on Avon than the Wiltshire average. These include one-parent families, low income, developmental delay and poor housing.
- Bradford on Avon is ranked 19<sup>th</sup> (out of 20 Community Areas) for the number of vulnerable families, with only 4.5% of families classed as vulnerable.
- The most common factor experienced by families in Bradford on Avon is parent(s) has mental illness, with 42 of the 754 families surveyed experiencing this factor. This factor is however statistically significantly less common in Bradford on Avon when compared to Wiltshire.
- Staverton and Hilperton (part) has the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable of all of the LSOAs in Bradford on Avon with 10.9% of families classed as vulnerable (this LSOA crosses the border with Trowbridge).

**Table 10– Bradford on Avon Summary**

	Bradford on Avon	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	754	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	34	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	4.5	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

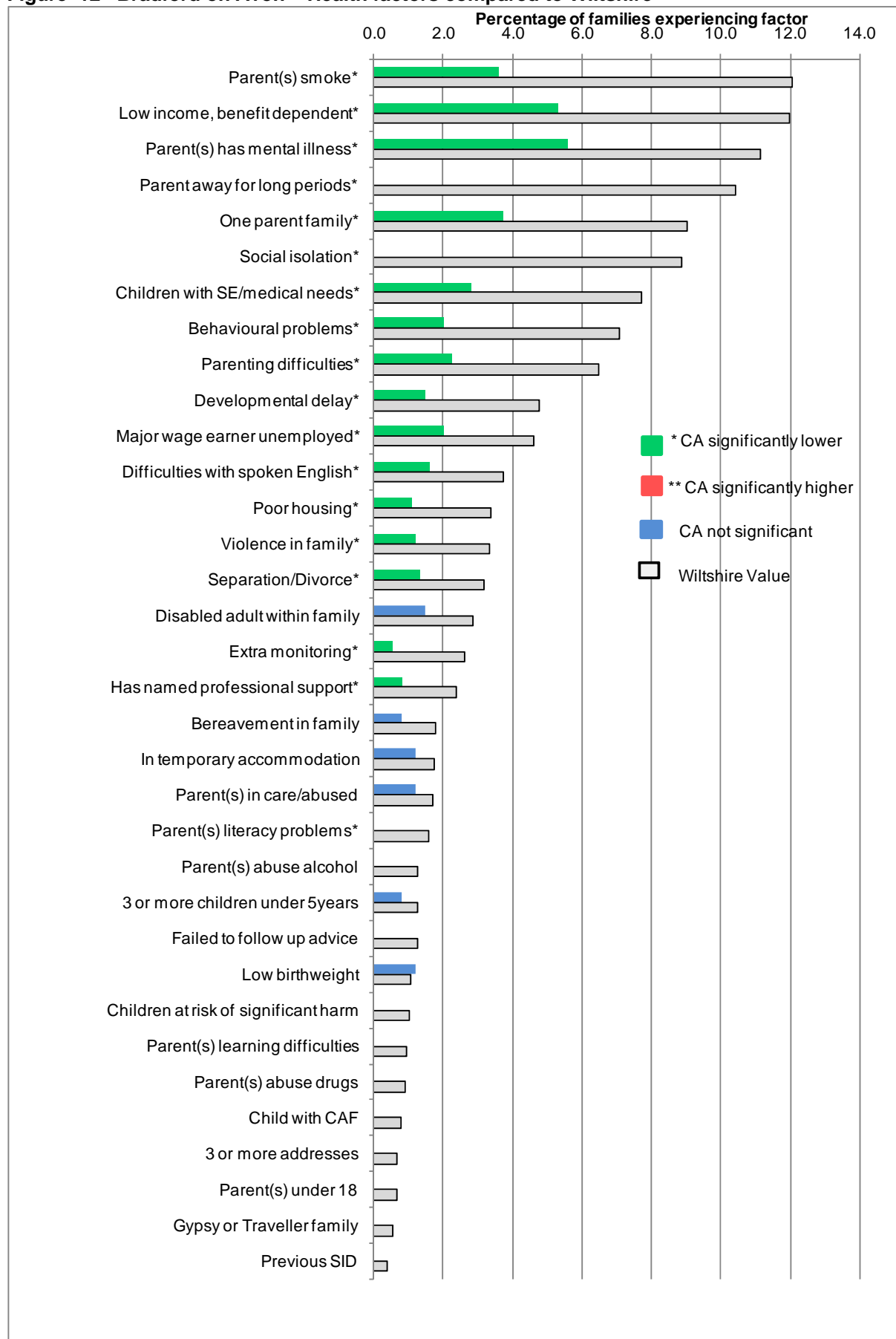
**Table 11– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families.**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	Vulnerable families	% of vulnerable families
1 - Most Deprived	204	16	7.8
2	-	-	-
3	178	6	3.4
4	208	5	2.4
5 - Least Deprived	146	6	4.1
Not Available*	17	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>754</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>4.5</b>

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

**Figure 12– Bradford on Avon – Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 12– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Bradford on Avon	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01032045	Bradford on Avon North - north	2.1
E01032046	Bradford on Avon North - central	5.7
E01032047	Bradford on Avon North - west	2.3
E01032048	Bradford on Avon South - east	3.4
E01032049	Bradford on Avon South - south	4.7
E01032050	Bradford on Avon South - central	-
E01032058	Holt	1.7
E01032059	Monkton Farleigh, South Wraxall & Turleigh	-
E01032060	Winsley & Limpley Stoke	3.3
E01032061	Westwood	8.9
<i>E01032057</i>	<i>Broughton Gifford</i>	-
<i>E01032078</i>	<i>Staverton &amp; Hilperton (part)</i>	<i>10.9</i>
<i>E01032083</i>	<i>Southwick &amp; Wingfield</i>	<i>7.4</i>

Please note that LSOAs listed in italics are also listed as part of another Community Area. This is due to the LSOA overlapping the boundary of two Community Areas. Those in italics are listed at the bottom of the tables as the majority of LSOA is within the other community area.



## 5.4 Calne

### Key points:

- Calne does not have any factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average.
- There are 10 factors that are statistically significantly better than the Wiltshire average. These include low income, poor housing and parent away for long period of time.
- The most common factors experienced by families in Calne are low income, and one-parent family with over 70 families experiencing these factors.
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Calne Abberd – South, with 17% of families living in this LSOA being classed as vulnerable.

**Table 13– Calne Summary**

	Calne	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	939	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	78	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	8.3	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 14– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	Vulnerable families	% of vulnerable families
1 - Most Deprived	110	16	14.5
2	389	36	9.3
3	73	5 <sup>^</sup>	-
4	263	12	4.6
5 - Least Deprived	81	7	8.6
Not Available*	23	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>939</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>8.3</b>

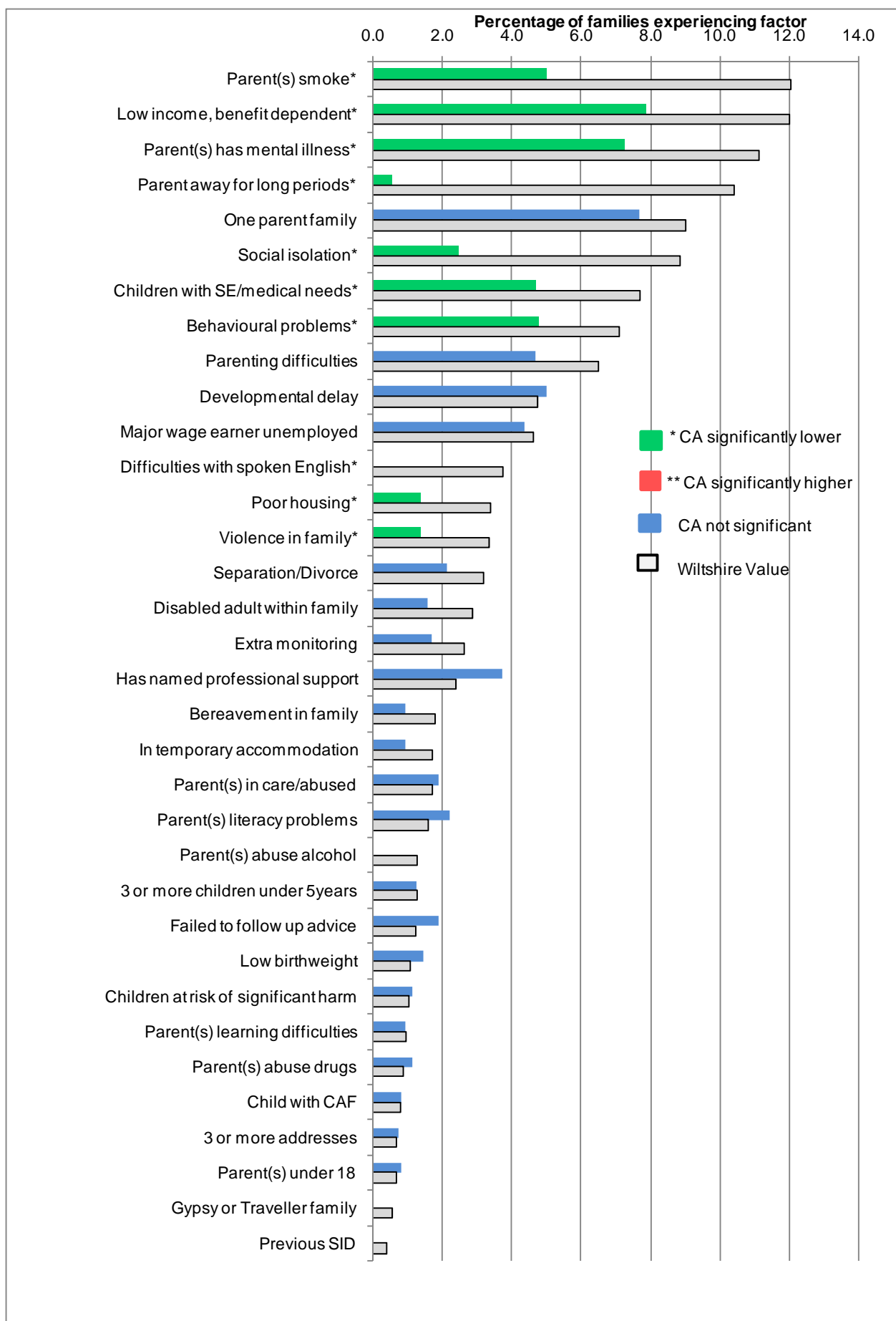
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 13– Calne - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 15– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Calne	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01031891	Bremhill, Christian Malford & Langley Burrell	5.3
E01031895	Calne Abberd - north	11.5
E01031896	Calne Abberd - south	17.4
E01031897	Calne Chilvester	6.4
E01031898	Calne Lickhill - south	16.0
E01031899	Calne Lickhill - north	4.8
E01031900	Calne Marden	6.7
E01031901	Calne Priestley - south west	12.5
E01031902	Calne Priestley - north east	10.9
E01031903	Calne Quemerford	8.6
E01031904	Calne Without west & Heddington	3.5
E01031937	Hilmarton & Compton Bassett	14.8
E01031938	Calne Without east & Cherhill	-

## 5.5 Chippenham

### Key points:

- Chippenham has three factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average. These are one parent families, low income and parent(s) smoke.
- There are three factors that are statistically significantly less common than the Wiltshire average, parent(s) mental illness, social isolation and parent away for long periods.
- The most common factors experienced by families in Chippenham are parent(s) smoke, and low income, with over 300 families experiencing each of these factors.
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Chippenham Hill Rise – North West, with 35% of families living in this LSOA being classed as vulnerable

**Table 16– Chippenham Summary**

	Chippenham	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	2,018	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	236	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	11.7	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 17– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable families</u>	<u>% of vulnerable families</u>
1 - Most Deprived	515	112	21.7
2	196	19	9.7
3	222	15 <sup>^</sup>	-
4	418	50	12.0
5 - Least Deprived	644	39	6.1
Not Available*	23	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	2,018	236	11.7

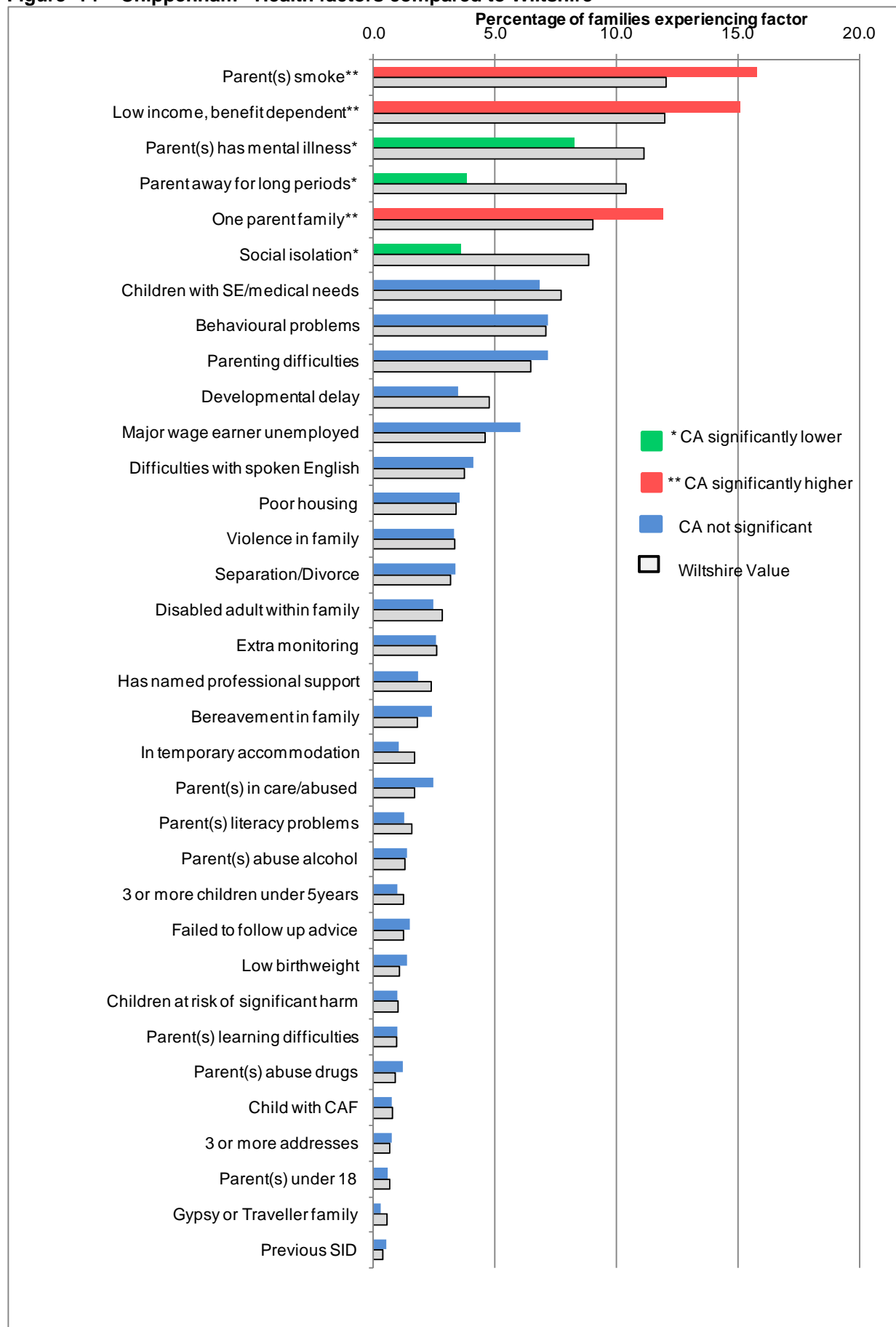
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 14 – Chippenham - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 18 – Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Chippenham	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01031905	Chippenham Cepen Park - central	7.3
E01031906	Chippenham Cepen Park - south	1.4
E01031907	Chippenham Cepen Park - north	4.9
E01031908	Chippenham Allington - north	13.8
E01031909	Chippenham Allington - south	6.3
E01031910	Chippenham Audley - north	9.5
E01031911	Chippenham Audley - south	21.0
E01031912	Chippenham Avon - east	23.0
E01031913	Chippenham Avon - west	2.1
E01031914	Chippenham Hill Rise - north west	35.0
E01031915	Chippenham Hill Rise - south east	19.7
E01031916	Chippenham London Road - east	13.7
E01031917	Chippenham London Road - west	21.1
E01031918	Chippenham Monkton Park	2.2
E01031919	Chippenham Park - west	13.6
E01031920	Chippenham Park - east	5.8
E01031921	Chippenham Pewsham - south west	4.1
E01031922	Chippenham Pewsham - east	7.5
E01031923	Chippenham Pewsham - central	10.6
E01031924	Chippenham Pewsham - north west	8.1
E01031925	Chippenham Redland - north	17.9
E01031926	Chippenham Redland - south	7.3
E01031927	Chippenham Queens - west	-
E01031928	Chippenham Queens - east	18.1
E01031939	Sutton Benger, Kington Langley & Seagry	17.4
E01031940	Yatton Keynell, Kington St Michael & Biddestone	7.8
E01031950	Nettleton, Grittleton & North Wraxall	-
E01031951	Stanton St Quintin & Castle Combe	9.3
E01031960	Hullavington	26.5
<i>E01031891</i>	<i>Bremhill, Christian Malford &amp; Langley Burrell</i>	<i>5.3</i>
<i>E01031958</i>	<i>Sherston east, Norton &amp; Easton Grey</i>	<i>19.2</i>

Please note that LSOAs listed in italics are also listed as part of another Community Area. This is due to the LSOA overlapping the boundary of two Community Areas. Those in italics are listed at the bottom of the tables as the majority of LSOA is within the other community area.

## 5.6 Corsham

### Key points:

- Corsham does not have any factors statistically more common than Wiltshire.
- 11 factors are statistically significantly less common than in Wiltshire. These include major wage earner unemployed, parent(s) smoke and parent(s) abuse drugs.
- The percentage of families classed as vulnerable is lower in Corsham (9%) than the average across Wiltshire (11.7%).
- The most common factor experienced by families is one parent family.
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Neston, Leafield & Gastard west. 28% of families in this LSOA are classed as vulnerable.

**Table 19– Corsham Summary**

	Corsham	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	1,016	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	91	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	9.0	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 20– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable</u> families	% of <u>vulnerable</u> families
1 - Most Deprived	109	9	8.3
2	280	31	11.1
3	252	37	14.7
4	139	5 <sup>^</sup>	3.6
5 - Least Deprived	204	5 <sup>^</sup>	2.5
Not Available*	32	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	1,016	91	9.0

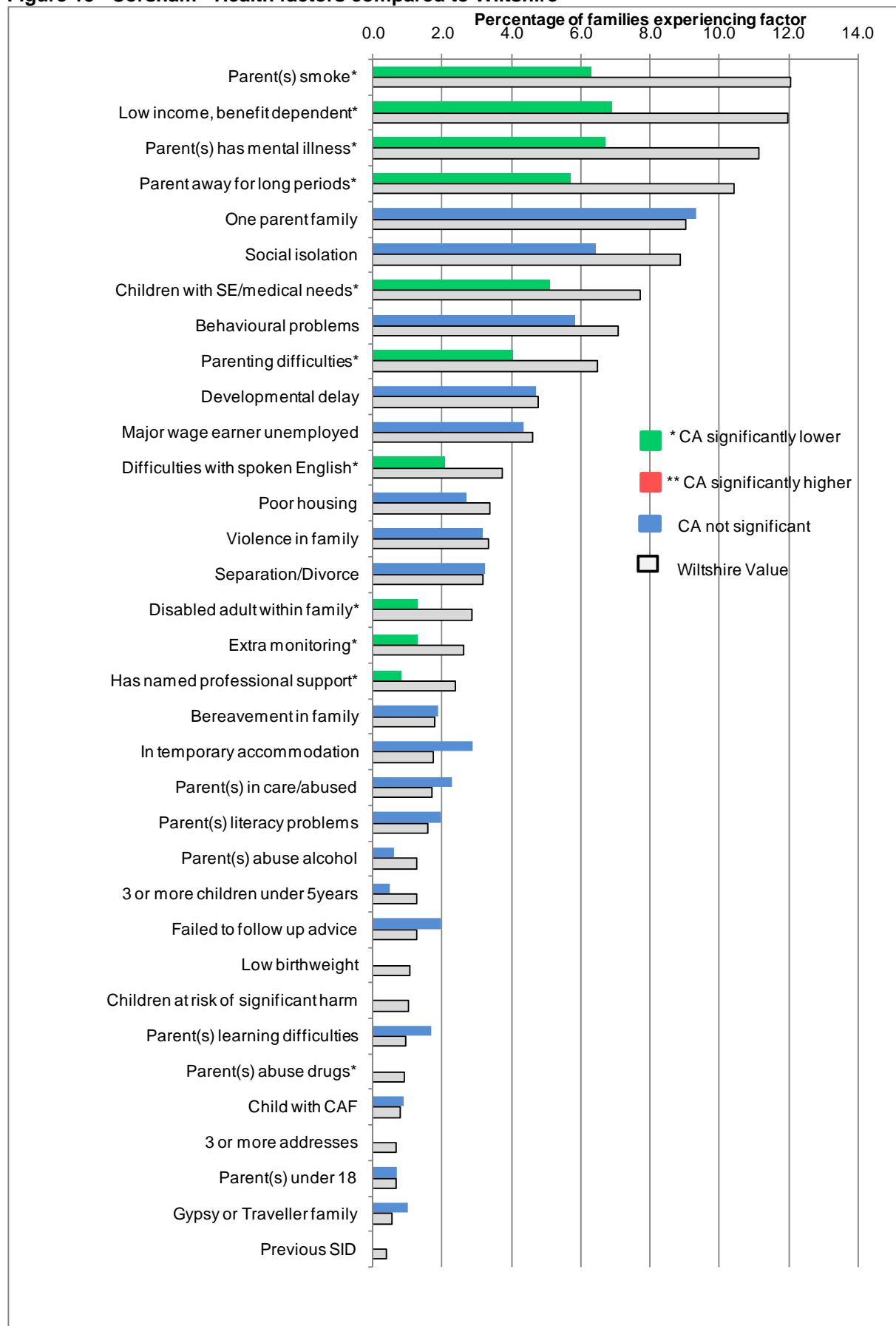
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 15– Corsham - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010



**Table 21 – Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

<b>LSOA Code</b>	<b>Corsham</b>	<b>% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u></b>
E01031888	Box west	-
E01031889	Rudloe north	7.9
E01031890	Box Hill & Rudloe south	-
E01031929	Colerne village	-
E01031930	Colerne Southwood/Northwood/Pinewood/Thickwood	6.0
E01031931	Corsham east	9.8
E01031932	Corsham central	-
E01031933	Corsham south	20.2
E01031941	Neston, Leafield & Gastard west	27.8
E01031942	Lacock & Gastard east	4.5
E01031952	Corsham (Pickwick) north	8.3
E01031953	Corsham (Pickwick) south	7.5

## 5.7 Devizes

### Key points:

- Devizes has two factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average. These are parent(s) literacy problems and parent(s) abuse alcohol.
- There are 11 factors that are significantly less common in Devizes than the Wiltshire average. These include parent(s) smoke, low income and parent(s) has mental illness.
- Devizes has the highest percentage of families with parent(s) with literacy problems, with 3.6% of families experiencing this factor.
- 8% of families in Devizes are classed as vulnerable which is lower than the Wiltshire average.
- The most common factor in Devizes is one-parent family.
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families who are classed as vulnerable is Devizes East (central) with 17% of families being classed as vulnerable.

**Table 22– Devizes Summary**

	Devizes	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	1,266	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	101	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	8.0	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

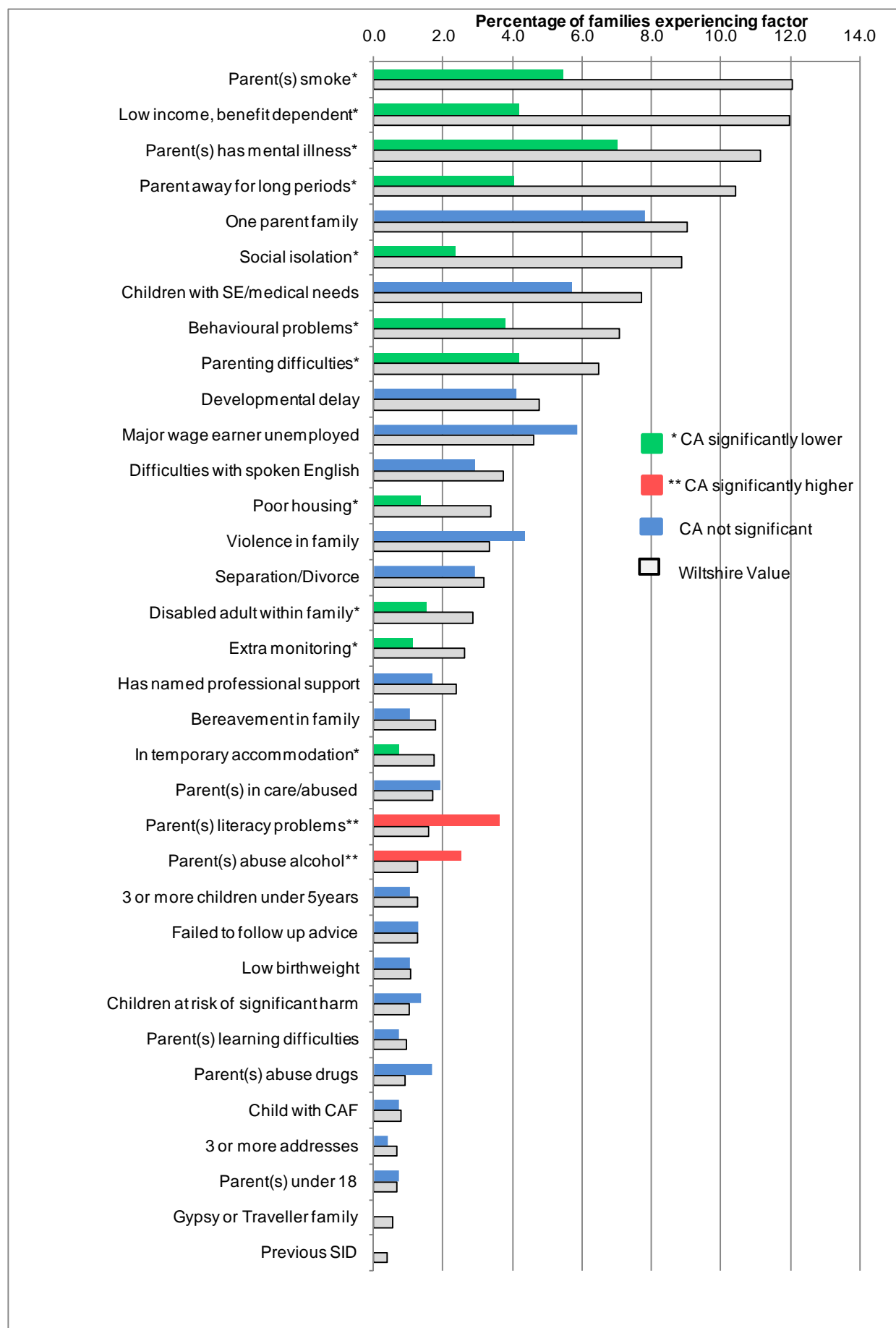
**Table 23– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable</u> families	% of <u>vulnerable</u> families
1 - Most Deprived	182	25	13.7
2	309	26	8.4
3	283	18	6.4
4	404	21	5.2
5 - Least Deprived	48	5	10.4
Not Available*	40	6	15.0
<b>Grand Total</b>	1,266	101	8.0

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

**Figure 16– Devizes - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 24– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Devizes	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01031844	Bishops Cannings & Etchilhampton	3.7
E01031845	Bromham west & Rowde south west	3.4
E01031846	Rowde north east & Bromham east	3.7
E01031848	Cheverells, Worton & Marston	9.1
E01031850	Devizes East - north	6.7
E01031851	Devizes East - central	17.4
E01031852	Devizes East - south	6.3
E01031853	Devizes North - west	16.9
E01031854	Devizes North - east	9.5
E01031855	Devizes South - east	4.4
E01031856	Devizes South - west	14.0
E01031857	Lavingtons south	8.7
E01031858	Lavingtons north	10.4
E01031872	Potterne	10.3
E01031875	Roundway	5.2
E01031883	Urchfont & Easterton	4.5
<i>E01031842</i>	<i>All Cannings, Chirton, Patney &amp; Marden</i>	<i>4.3</i>

Please note that LSOAs listed in italics are also listed as part of another Community Area. This is due to the LSOA overlapping the boundary of two Community Areas. Those in italics are listed at the bottom of the tables as the majority of LSOA is within the other community area.

## 5.8 Malmesbury

### Key points:

- Malmesbury has six factors that are statistically more common than the Wiltshire average. These include low income, disabled adult within family and parent(s) has mental illness.
- Two factors are statistically significantly less common including one parent family and parent away for long periods of time.
- The most common factor is low income, with 18% of families experiencing this factor.
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Hullavington with 26.5% of families classed as vulnerable. (Hullavington also crosses the border with Chippenham).

**Table 25 – Malmesbury Summary**

	<b>Malmesbury</b>	<b>Wiltshire</b>
<b>Number of families</b>	737	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	100	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	13.6	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 26– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

<b>Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire</b>	<b>All families</b>	<b><u>Vulnerable</u> <u>families</u></b>	<b><u>% of</u> <u>vulnerable</u> <u>families</u></b>
1 - Most Deprived	68	16	23.5
2	50	-	-
3	156	25	16.0
4	277	37	13.4
5 - Least Deprived	168	20 <sup>^</sup>	11.9
Not Available*	18	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>737</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>13.6</b>

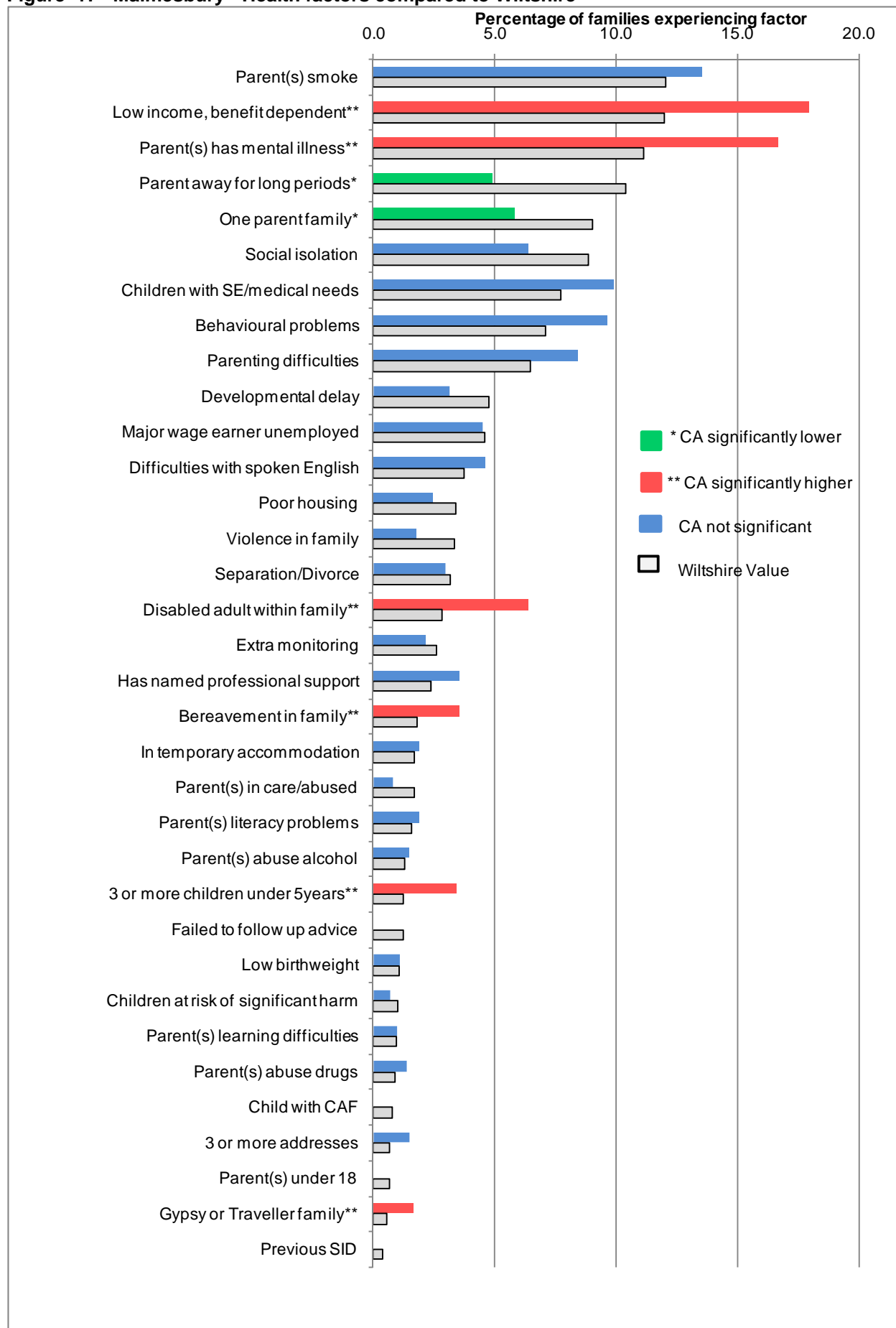
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 17– Malmesbury - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 27– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Malmesbury	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01031885	Crudwell & Oaksey	10.3
E01031886	Minety	6.5
E01031887	Ashton Keynes	2.7
E01031892	Somerfords	7.3
E01031893	Brinkworth	6.0
E01031894	Charlton & Hankerton	13.0
E01031947	Malmesbury north west	23.9
E01031948	Brokenborough	15.2
E01031949	Malmesbury south east	2.9
E01031957	Sherston west, Luckington & Sopworth	25.4
E01031958	Sherston east, Norton & Easton Grey	19.2
E01031959	Malmesbury Without	2.8
<i>E01031960</i>	<i>Hullavington</i>	<i>26.5</i>

Please note that LSOAs listed in italics are also listed as part of another Community Area. This is due to the LSOA overlapping the boundary of two Community Areas. Those in italics are listed at the bottom of the tables as the majority of LSOA is within the other community area.

## 5.9 Marlborough

### Key points:

- Marlborough has no factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average.
- There are 21 factors that are statistically significantly less common than in Wiltshire. These include one parent families, parent(s) abuse alcohol, parent(s) smoke and parent away for long periods of time
- The most common factor in Marlborough is parent has mental illness (5.4%) however this is statistically significantly lower than the Wiltshire average.
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Marlborough East (North) however under 8% of families are classed as vulnerable in this LSOA.

**Table 28 – Marlborough Summary**

	<b>Marlborough</b>	<b>Wiltshire</b>
<b>Number of families</b>	540	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	9	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	1.7	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 29– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

<b>Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire</b>	<b>All families</b>	<b><u>Vulnerable</u> families</b>	<b><u>% of vulnerable</u> families</b>
1 - Most Deprived	77	6	7.8
2	70 <sup>^</sup>	-	-
3	155	-	-
4	145	-	-
5 - Least Deprived	92	-	-
Not Available*	5 <sup>^</sup>	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>540</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>1.7</b>

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

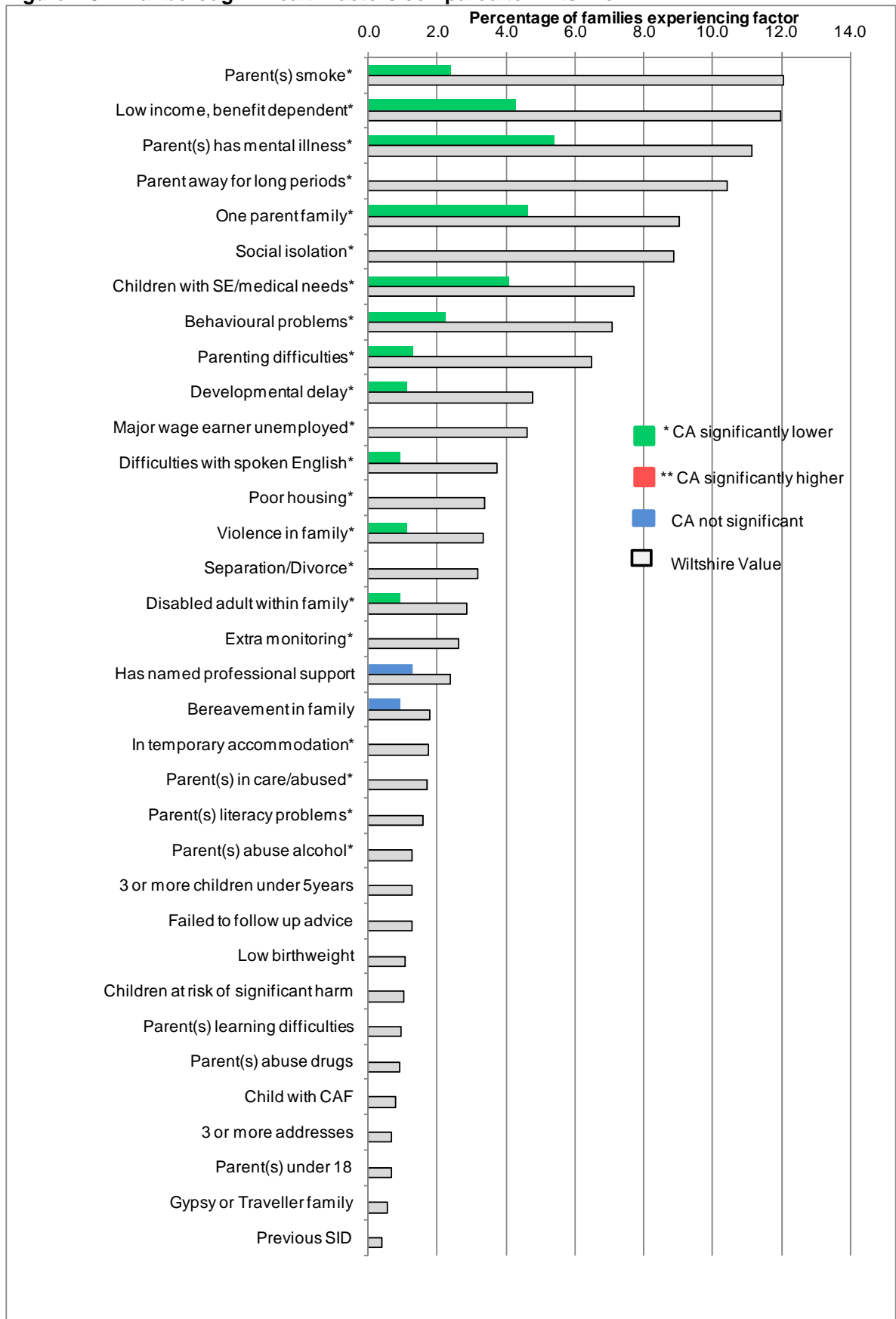
\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed



**Figure 18 – Marlborough - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 30– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Marlborough	% of families that are vulnerable
E01031841	Aldbourn	1.4
E01031861	Marlborough East - south	-
E01031862	Marlborough East - north	7.8
E01031863	Marlborough West - north	-
E01031864	Marlborough West - west (Manton)	-
E01031865	Marlborough West - south	2.9
E01031868	Ogbournes, Mildenhall & Fyfield	-
E01031873	Baydon, Froxfield & Chilton Foliat	2.2
E01031874	Ramsbury	-
E01031884	Avebury, Broad Hinton & Winterbournes	-
<i>E01031866</i>	<i>Milton Lilbourne, Easton &amp; Wootton Rivers</i>	-
<i>E01031871</i>	<i>West Overton, Woodborough, Alton &amp; Stanton St Bernard</i>	3.2

Please note that LSOAs listed in italics are also listed as part of another Community Area. This is due to the LSOA overlapping the boundary of two Community Areas. Those in italics are listed at the bottom of the tables as the majority of LSOA is within the other community area.

## 5.10 Melksham

### Key points:

- Melksham has no factors statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average.
- There are 7 factors that are statistically significantly less common including parent(s) smoke, low income, and behavioural problems.
- The most common factor in Melksham is children with special educational/medical needs; however this is not statistically significant when compared to Wiltshire.
- Approximately 7.6% of families in Melksham have been classed as vulnerable compared to 11.7% across Wiltshire.
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Melksham North (north east) with over 17% of families in this LSOA classed as vulnerable.
- The most common factor experienced by families in Melksham is low income, with over 130 families experiencing this factor.

**Table 31– Melksham Summary**

	Melksham	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	1,143	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	87	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	7.6	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 32– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

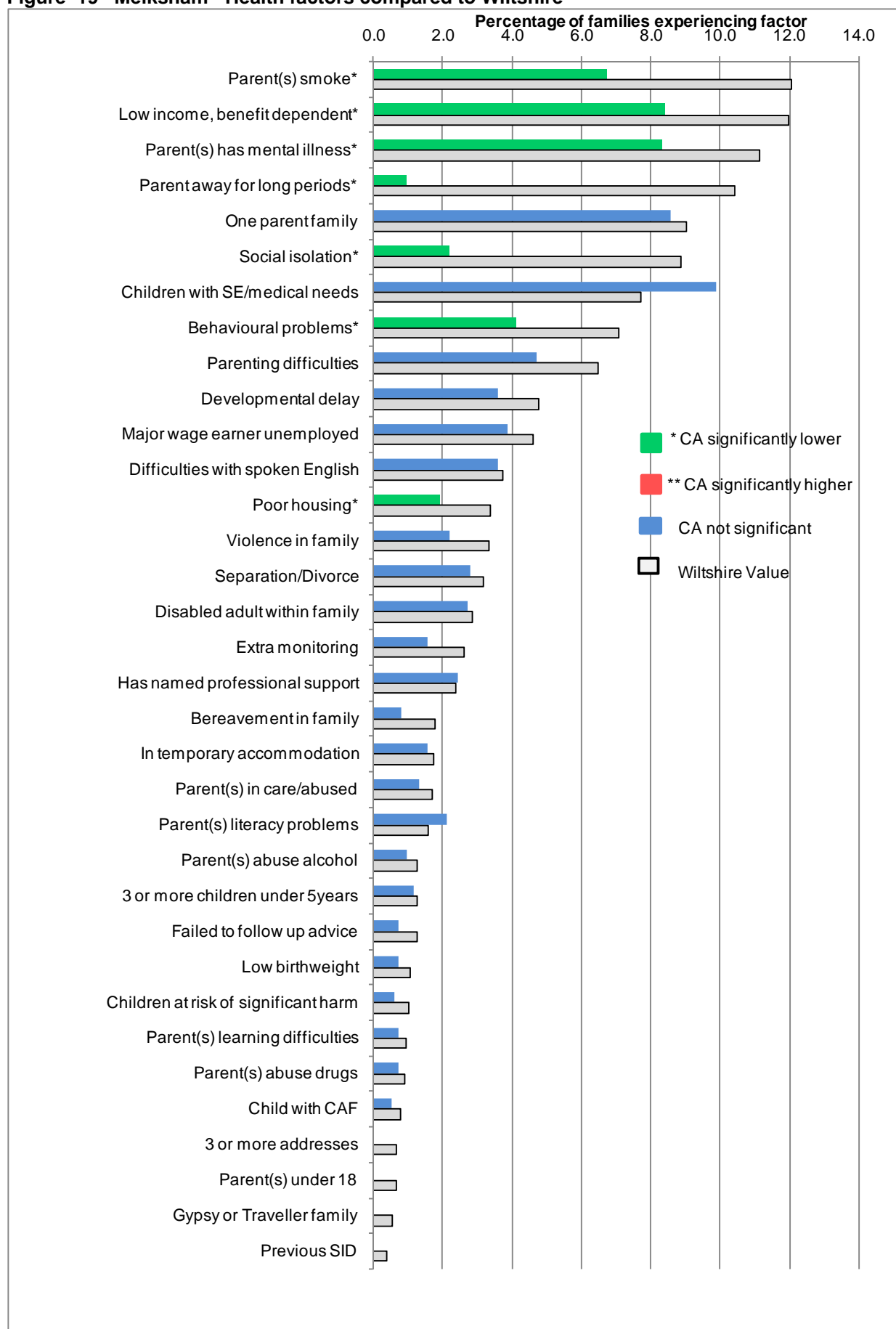
Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable</u> families	% of <u>vulnerable</u> families
1 - Most Deprived	198	29	14.6
2	286	23	8.0
3	347	15	4.3
4	50	-	-
5 - Least Deprived	231	17	7.4
Not Available*	31	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1,143</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>7.6</b>

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 19– Melksham - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 33 – Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

<b>LSOA Code</b>	<b>Melksham</b>	<b>% of families that are vulnerable</b>
E01031876	Seend & Poulshot	3.2
E01032043	Atworth	-
E01032044	Shaw & Whitley	-
E01032057	Broughton Gifford	-
E01032062	Melksham North - south west	15.7
E01032063	Melksham North - north west	12.2
E01032064	Melksham North - north east	17.2
E01032065	Melksham North - south east	5.6
E01032066	Melksham Spa - east	7.8
E01032067	Melksham Spa - west	5.0
E01032068	Melksham Spa - central	5.6
E01032069	Melksham Spa - south	9.5
E01032070	Berryfield & Bowerhill (part)	9.8
E01032071	Beanacre & Bowerhill (part)	8.4
E01032072	Bowerhill south	5.7
E01032073	Melksham Woodrow - south	5.0
E01032074	Melksham Woodrow - north	3.6
E01032077	Semington, Hilperton village (part) & Paxcroft Mead (part)	2.4
E01032084	Keevil & Ashtons	7.7

## 5.11 Mere

### Key points:

- Mere has three factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average. They are low income (37.6%), parent(s) mental illness (20.0%) and one parent family (16.0%). Mere has the highest percentages for these factors in all of the Community Areas in Wiltshire.
- There are two factors that are statistically significantly less common in Mere than the Wiltshire average. These are parenting difficulties and parent away for long periods of time.
- The most common factor in Mere is low income (benefit dependent) (37.6%), over a third of families in Mere are classed as having a low income (benefit dependent).
- 16% of families in Mere are vulnerable which is higher than the Wiltshire value of 11.7%.
- The most common factor experienced by families in Mere is low income, with 47 (37%) of families being classed as low income, benefit dependent.

**Table 34 – Mere Summary**

	Mere	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	125	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	20	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	16.0	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 35– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable families</u>	<u>% vulnerable families</u>
1 - Most Deprived	91	15 <sup>^</sup>	16.5
2	-	-	-
3	-	-	-
4	33	5 <sup>^</sup>	15.2
5 - Least Deprived	-	-	-
Not Available*	-	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	125	20	16.0

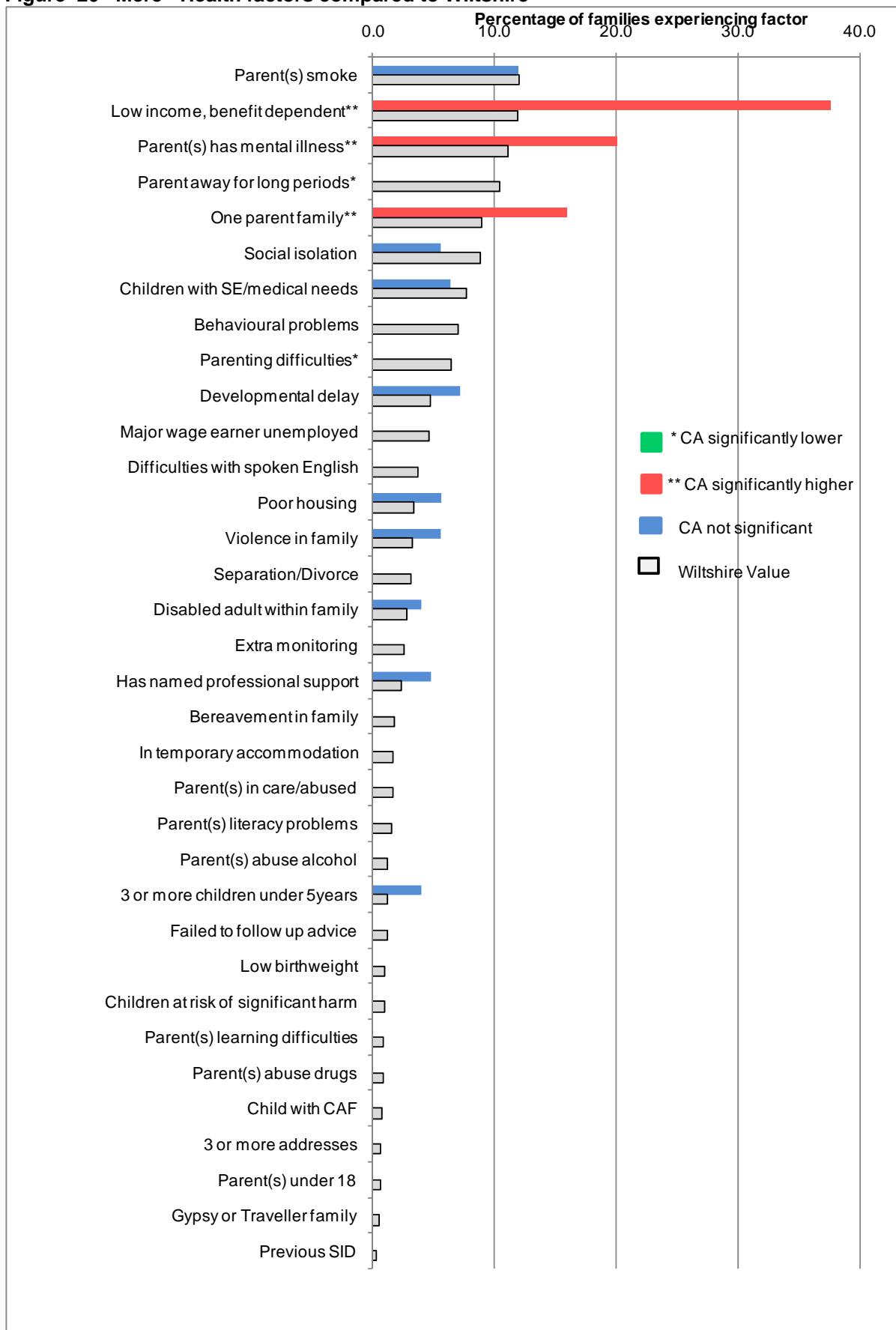
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 20– Mere - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 36– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

<b>LSOA Code</b>	<b>Mere</b>	<b>% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u></b>
E01032010	Knogle & Hindon	7.3
E01032035	Mere (part) & Zeals (part)	9.1
E01032036	Zeals (part), Maiden Bradley, Kilmington & Stourton	23.7
E01032037	Mere (part)	17.9



## 5.12 Pewsey

### Key points:

- Pewsey has no factors that are statistically significantly more common than in Wiltshire.
- There are 12 factors that are statistically significantly less common than the Wiltshire average, including one parent family, low income, poor housing and social isolation.
- Pewsey has one of the lowest percentages of vulnerable families within the Community Areas with less than 5% of families being classed as vulnerable.
- The most common factor is behavioural problems with 8.4% of families experiencing this factor.
- Bedwyn has the highest percentage of vulnerable families within Pewsey, however this is still below the Wiltshire average with 8.3% of families in Bedwyn classed as vulnerable.

**Table 37– Pewsey Summary**

	Pewsey	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	491	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	23	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	4.7	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 38– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable families</u>	<u>% of vulnerable families</u>
1 - Most Deprived	66	5 <sup>^</sup>	7.6
2	144	7	4.9
3	140	8	5.7
4	-	-	-
5 - Least Deprived	136	5 <sup>^</sup>	3.7
Not Available*	-	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	491	23	4.7

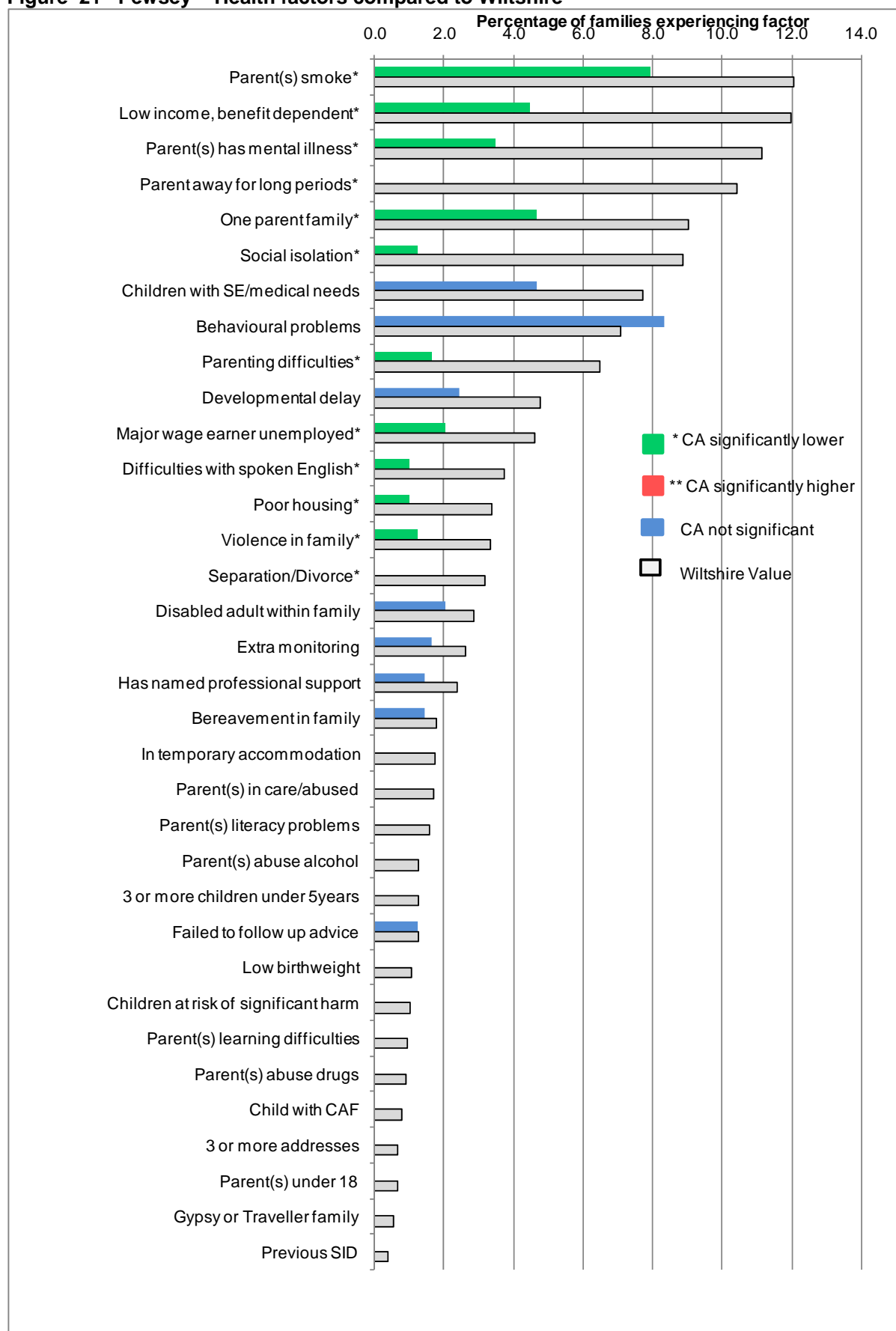
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 21– Pewsey - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 39– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Pewsey	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01031842	All Cannings, Chirton, Patney & Marden	4.3
E01031843	Bedwyn	8.3
E01031847	Burbage	1.4
E01031866	Milton Lilbourne, Easton & Wootton Rivers	-
E01031869	Pewsey south	7.6
E01031870	Pewsey north	3.2
E01031871	West Overton, Woodborough, Alton & Stanton St Bernard	3.2
E01031877	Shalbourne, Grafton & Chute	5.3
E01031882	Upavon, Manningford, Rushall & Wilsford	4.2

## 5.13 Salisbury

### Key points:

- Salisbury has the highest percentage of vulnerable families (20.9%) which means that approximately one in five families are classed as vulnerable.
- Salisbury has 22 factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average. These include one parent family, violence in the family, poor housing, parent(s) abuse alcohol and parent(s) under 18.
- There are also 11 factors that Salisbury has the highest percentage of families experiencing the factor including poor housing (12.0%), violence within the family (7.9%) and separation/divorce (6.5%).
- There are two factors that are statistically significantly less common in Salisbury than the Wiltshire average, social isolation and parent away for long periods.
- The most common factor in Salisbury is low income (23.8%) which means that almost one in four families surveyed are experiencing low income (benefit dependent).
- Salisbury Bemerton South has the highest percentage of vulnerable families of the LSOAs in Salisbury and Wiltshire as a whole, with 57% of families being classed as vulnerable.

**Table 40– Salisbury Summary**

	Salisbury	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	1,640	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	343	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	20.9	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

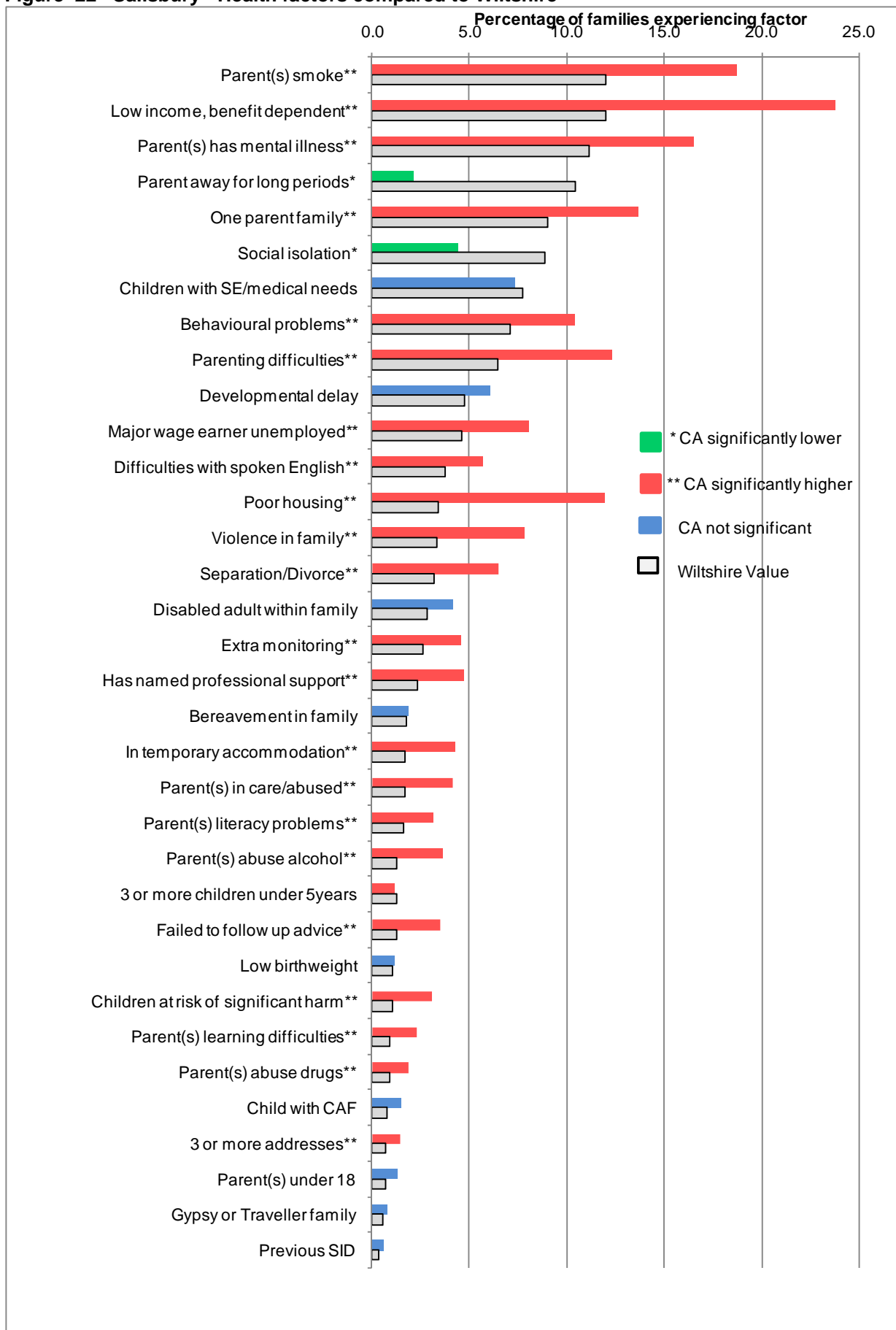
**Table 41– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	Vulnerable families	% of vulnerable families
1 - Most Deprived	648	232	35.8
2	216	27	12.5
3	292	43	14.7
4	200	16	8.0
5 - Least Deprived	254	18	7.1
Not Available*	30	7	23.3
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>343</b>	<b>20.9</b>

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

**Figure 22– Salisbury - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 42– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

<b>LSOA Code</b>	<b>Salisbury</b>	<b>% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u></b>
E01031980	Salisbury Bemerton - north	35.4
E01031981	Salisbury Bemerton - west	52.2
E01031982	Salisbury Bemerton - east	24.0
E01031983	Salisbury Bemerton - south	57.4
E01031984	Salisbury Bishopdown - north	8.7
E01031985	Salisbury Bishopdown - central	10.7
E01031986	Salisbury Bishopdown - south	11.8
E01032001	Salisbury Bemerton Village	6.9
E01032002	Salisbury Churchfields - west	9.7
E01032003	Salisbury Churchfields - east	11.9
E01032005	Salisbury Harnham East - east	7.0
E01032006	Salisbury Harnham East - west	3.8
E01032007	Salisbury Harnham East - south	15.5
E01032008	Salisbury Harnham West - south	18.8
E01032009	Salisbury Harnham West - north	7.5
E01032014	Salisbury St Edmund - south	20.4
E01032015	Salisbury St Edmund - east (Milford north)	22.9
E01032016	Salisbury St Edmund - north	6.3
E01032017	Salisbury St Mark - east	4.3
E01032018	Salisbury Stratford	10.4
E01032019	Salisbury St Mark - west	22.4
E01032020	Salisbury St Mark - south	13.2
E01032021	Salisbury St Martin - east (Milford south)	20.3
E01032022	Salisbury St Martin - west	22.4
E01032023	Salisbury St Martin - central	47.4
E01032024	Salisbury St Paul - south	14.2
E01032025	Salisbury St Paul - north	4.4

## 5.14 Southern Wiltshire

### Key points:

- Southern Wiltshire has a higher percentage of vulnerable families (17.4%) than the Wiltshire average (11.7%).
- There are 12 factors in Southern Wiltshire than are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average. These include low income, parent(s) smoke and parenting difficulties.
- There are two factors that are statistically significantly less common in Southern Wiltshire than the Wiltshire average, social isolation and parent away for long periods.
- The most common factor in Southern Wiltshire is low income, benefit dependent (20.1%).
- The LSOA with the largest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Morgans Vale with over 40% of families classed as vulnerable.

**Table 43– Southern Wiltshire Summary**

	Southern Wiltshire	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	622	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	108	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	17.4	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 44– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

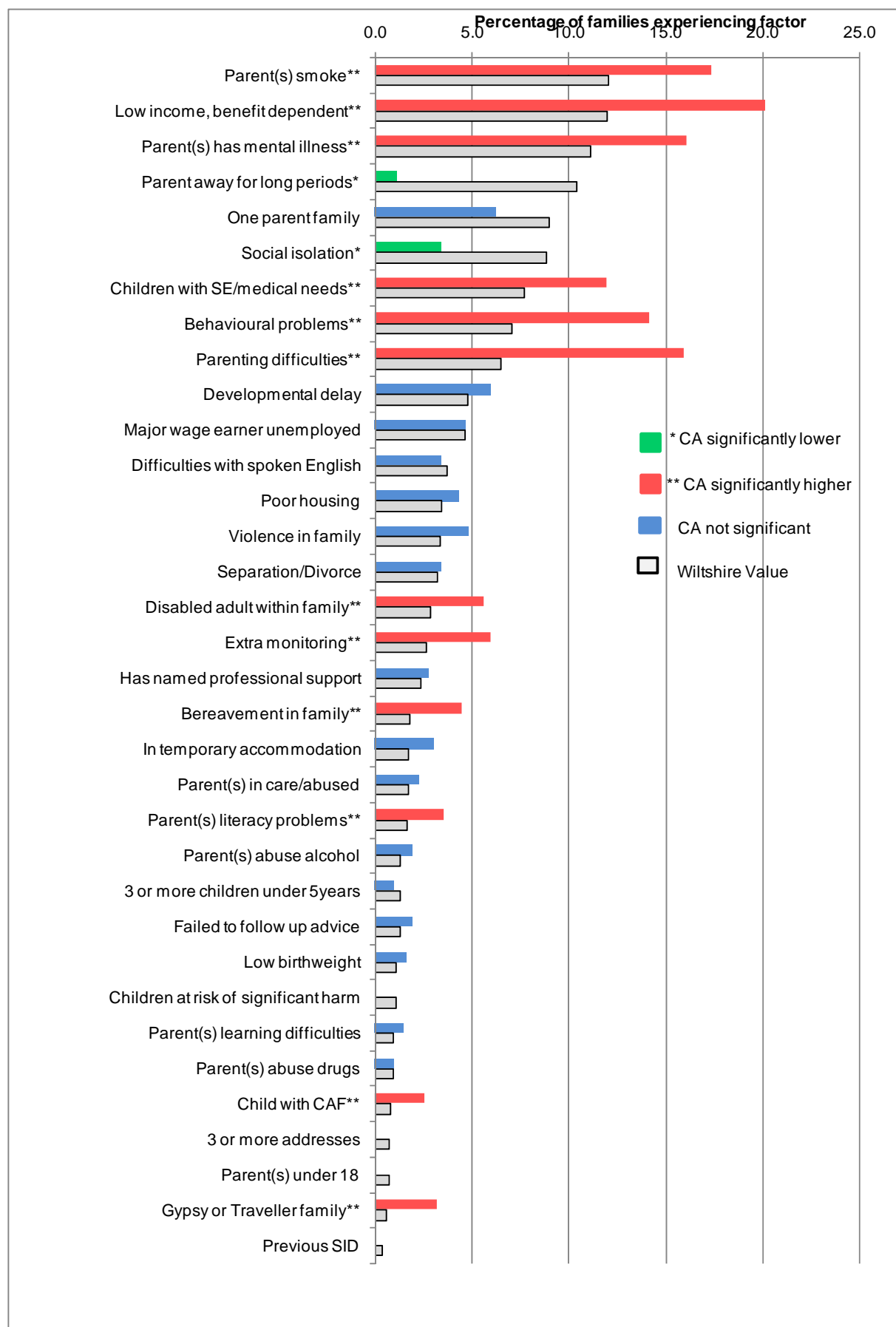
Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable families</u>	<u>% of vulnerable families</u>
1 - Most Deprived	92	21	22.8
2	107	16	15.0
3	161	28	17.4
4	173	34	19.7
5 - Least Deprived	75	5 <sup>^</sup>	6.7
Not Available*	14	5 <sup>^</sup>	35.7
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>622</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>17.4</b>

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

**Figure 23– Southern Wiltshire - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010



**Table 45 – Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

<b>LSOA Code</b>	<b>Southern Wiltshire</b>	<b>% of families that are vulnerable</b>
E01031970	Alderbury	11.4
E01031971	Grimsteads	14.9
E01031972	Whiteparish	7.0
E01031973	Landfords	13.6
E01031992	Redlynch & Woodfalls	21.6
E01031993	Downton south	24.0
E01031994	Morgans Vale	41.7
E01031995	Downton - north & Charlton	25.6
E01032000	Coombe Bissett, Odstock, Britford & Netherhampton	17.2
E01032011	Laverstock (part) & Clarendon Park	22.6
E01032012	Laverstock (part)	-
E01032041	Firsdown, Pitton & West Winterslow	-
E01032042	Middle Winterslow, West Dean & Farley	6.1

## 5.15 Tidworth

### Key points:

- Tidworth has nine factors that are statistically significantly less common than the Wiltshire average including one parent family, major wage earner unemployed and bereavement.
- There are four factors that are statistically significantly worse than the Wiltshire average. These include parent away for long periods (54.4%) and social isolation (54.6%). Tidworth has the highest values for both of these factors when compared to the other Community Areas in Wiltshire. Over 50% of families within Tidworth are experiencing both of these factors.
- Social isolation and parent away for long periods are the most common factors experienced by families in Tidworth and are both very high compared to the Wiltshire averages of 8.7% and 10.4% respectively.
- Ludgershall North is the LSOA with the highest percentage of families that have been classed as vulnerable (17.9%) whilst Netheravon, Enford and Fittleton have the lowest with 3.1%.

**Table 46– Tidworth Summary**

	Tidworth	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	1,173	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	146	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	12.4	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 47 – Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable families</u>	<u>% of vulnerable families</u>
1 - Most Deprived	279	40	14.3
2	195	7	3.6
3	5 <sup>^</sup>	-	-
4	348	43	12.4
5 - Least Deprived	165 <sup>^</sup>	28	17.0
Not Available*	183	28	15.3
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1,173</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>12.4</b>

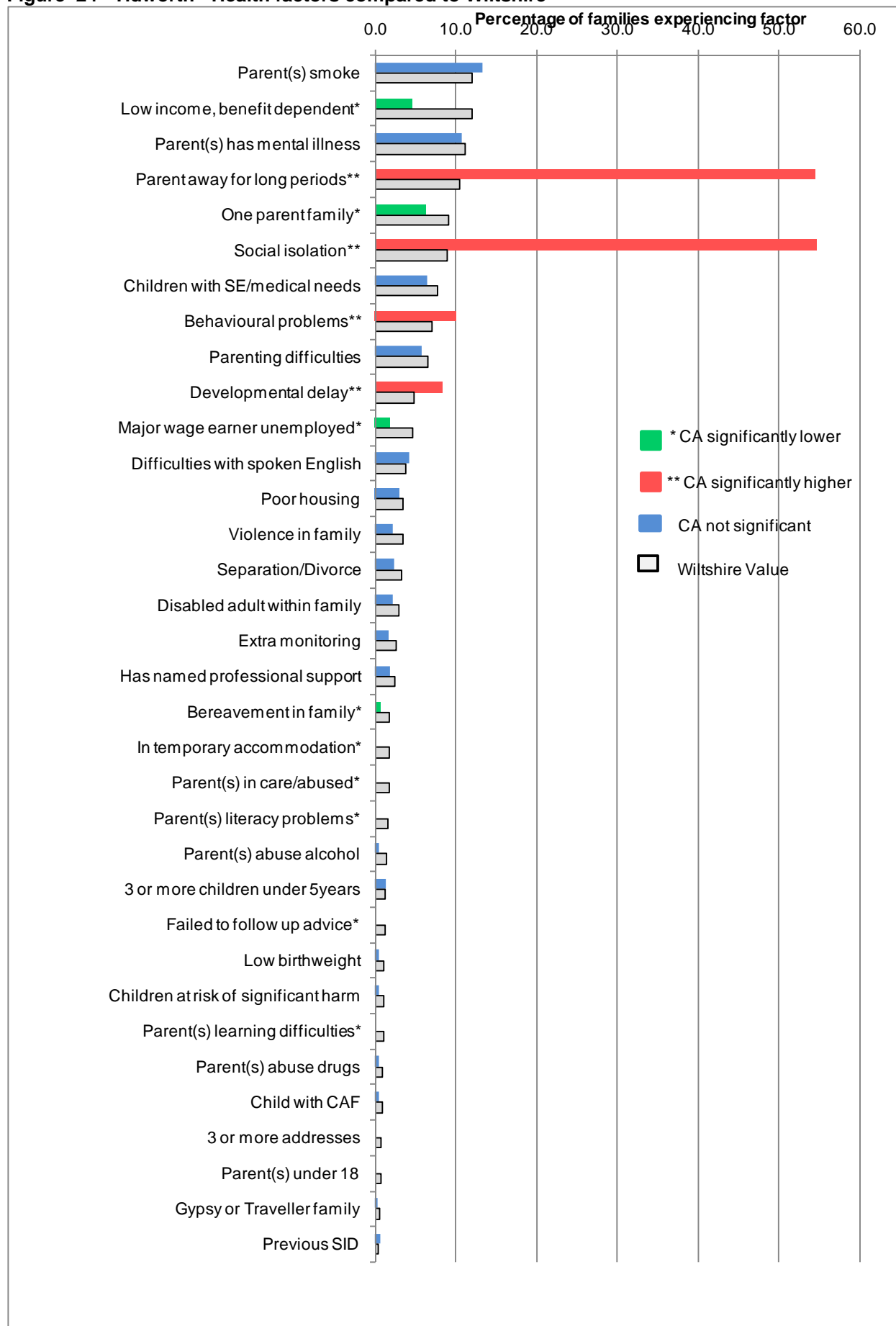
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 24– Tidworth - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 48 – Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Tidworth	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01031849	Collingbournes & Everleigh	3.4
E01031859	Ludgershall north	17.9
E01031860	Ludgershall east & Faberstown	5.5
E01031867	Netheravon, Enford & Fittleton	3.1
E01031878	Ludgershall south & Perham Down	8.1
E01031879	Tidworth north west	15.6
E01031880	Tidworth south	17.0
E01031881	Tidworth north east	13.2
<i>E01031877</i>	<i>Shalbourne, Grafton &amp; Chute</i>	5.3
<i>E01031882</i>	<i>Upavon, Manningford, Rushall &amp; Wilsford</i>	4.2

Please note that LSOAs listed in italics are also listed as part of another Community Area. This is due to the LSOA overlapping the boundary of two Community Areas. Those in italics are listed at the bottom of the tables as the majority of LSOA is within the other community area.

## 5.16 Tisbury

### Key points:

- Tisbury has a similar percentage of vulnerable families to Wiltshire with 12.3% of families being classed as vulnerable.
- There are five factors that are statistically significantly less common than the Wiltshire average. These include social isolation, parenting difficulties and developmental delay.
- Tisbury has two factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average, low income and parent(s) smoke. Tisbury has the highest percentage of parent(s) smoking (23.5%) out of all the Community Areas.
- The most common factor in Tisbury is low income (benefit dependent), with a quarter of families experiencing low income (25.9%).
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Tisbury where approximately one in five families are classed as vulnerable.

**Table 49– Tisbury Summary**

	Tisbury	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	162	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	20	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	12.3	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 50 – Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable families</u>	<u>% of vulnerable families</u>
1 - Most Deprived	20	-	-
2	54	5 <sup>^</sup>	9.3
3	88	15 <sup>^</sup>	17.0
4	-	-	-
5 - Least Deprived	-	-	-
Not Available*	-	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	162	20	12.3

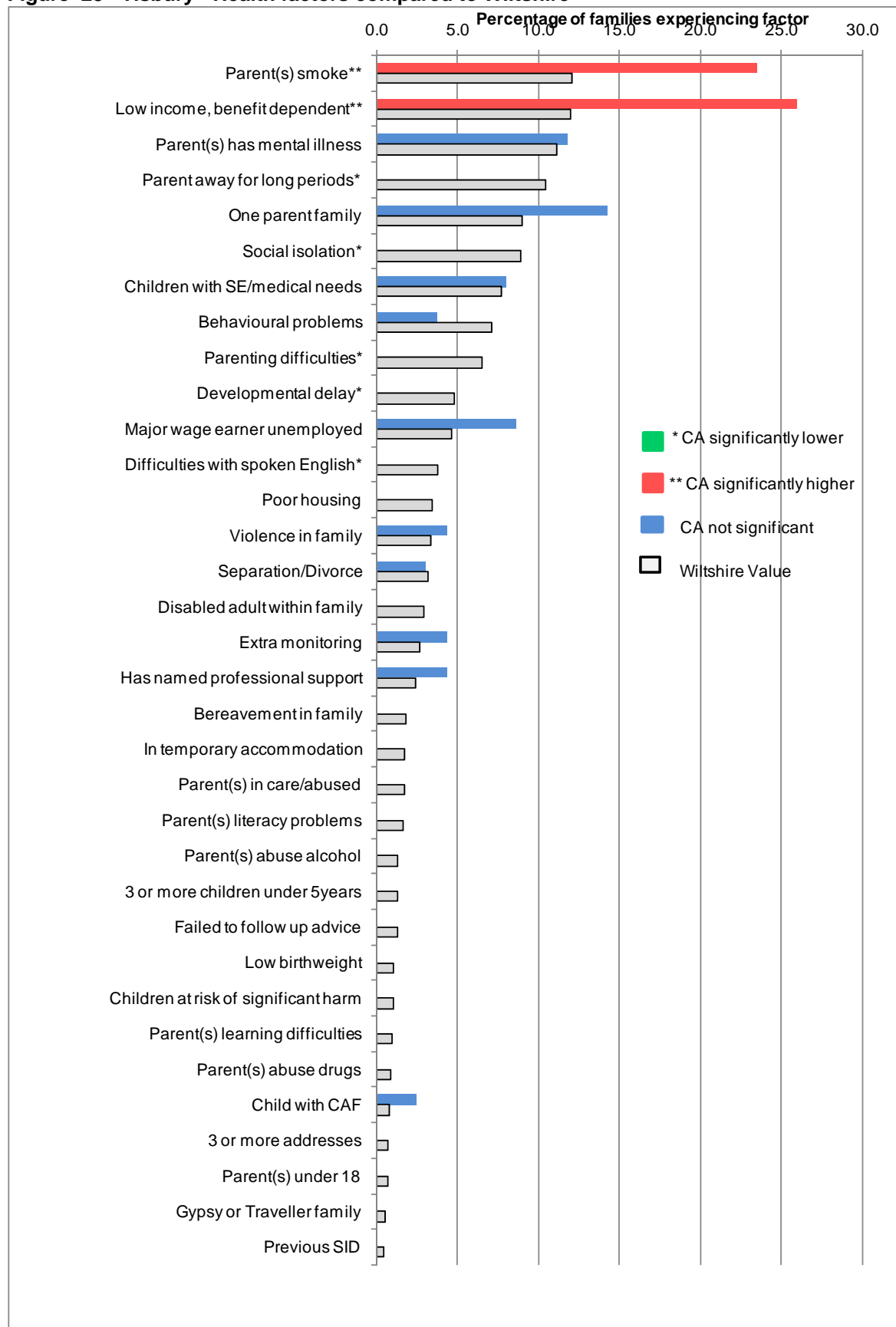
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 25– Tisbury - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 51– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Tisbury	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01031991	Donheads	20.0
E01032029	Tisbury rural & Ansty	12.2
E01032030	Tisbury	21.3
E01032031	Fovant, Sutton Mandeville & Swallowcliffe	6.5
<i>E01032010</i>	<i>Knogle &amp; Hindon</i>	7.3
<i>E01032004</i>	<i>Dinton, Barford St Martin, Chilmark &amp; Fonthill Bishop</i>	7.7

Please note that LSOAs listed in italics are also listed as part of another Community Area. This is due to the LSOA overlapping the boundary of two Community Areas. Those in italics are listed at the bottom of the tables as the majority of LSOA is within the other community area.

## 5.17 Trowbridge

### Key points:

- Trowbridge has a similar percentage of vulnerable families to Wiltshire with 12.1% of families being classed as vulnerable.
- There are three factors that are statistically significantly less common in Trowbridge than the Wiltshire average – social isolation, gypsy/traveller family and parent away for long periods of time.
- Trowbridge has eight factors that are statistically significantly worse than the Wiltshire average, including one parent family, parent(s) under 18 and parenting difficulties.
- The most common factor experienced in Trowbridge is parent(s) has mental illness, with 16.2% of families having a parent experiencing a mental health disorder.
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Trowbridge John of Gaunt – Studley Green where 30% of families have been classed as vulnerable.

**Table 52– Trowbridge Summary**

	<b>Trowbridge</b>	<b>Wiltshire</b>
<b>Number of families</b>	1,930	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	234	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	12.1	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 53– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

<b>Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire</b>	<b>All families</b>	<b><u>Vulnerable</u> families</b>	<b><u>% of</u> <u>vulnerable</u> families</b>
1 - Most Deprived	775	132	17.0
2	139	15^	10.8
3	308	29	9.4
4	169	15^	8.9
5 - Least Deprived	511	37	7.2
Not Available*	28	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>1,930</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>12.1</b>

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

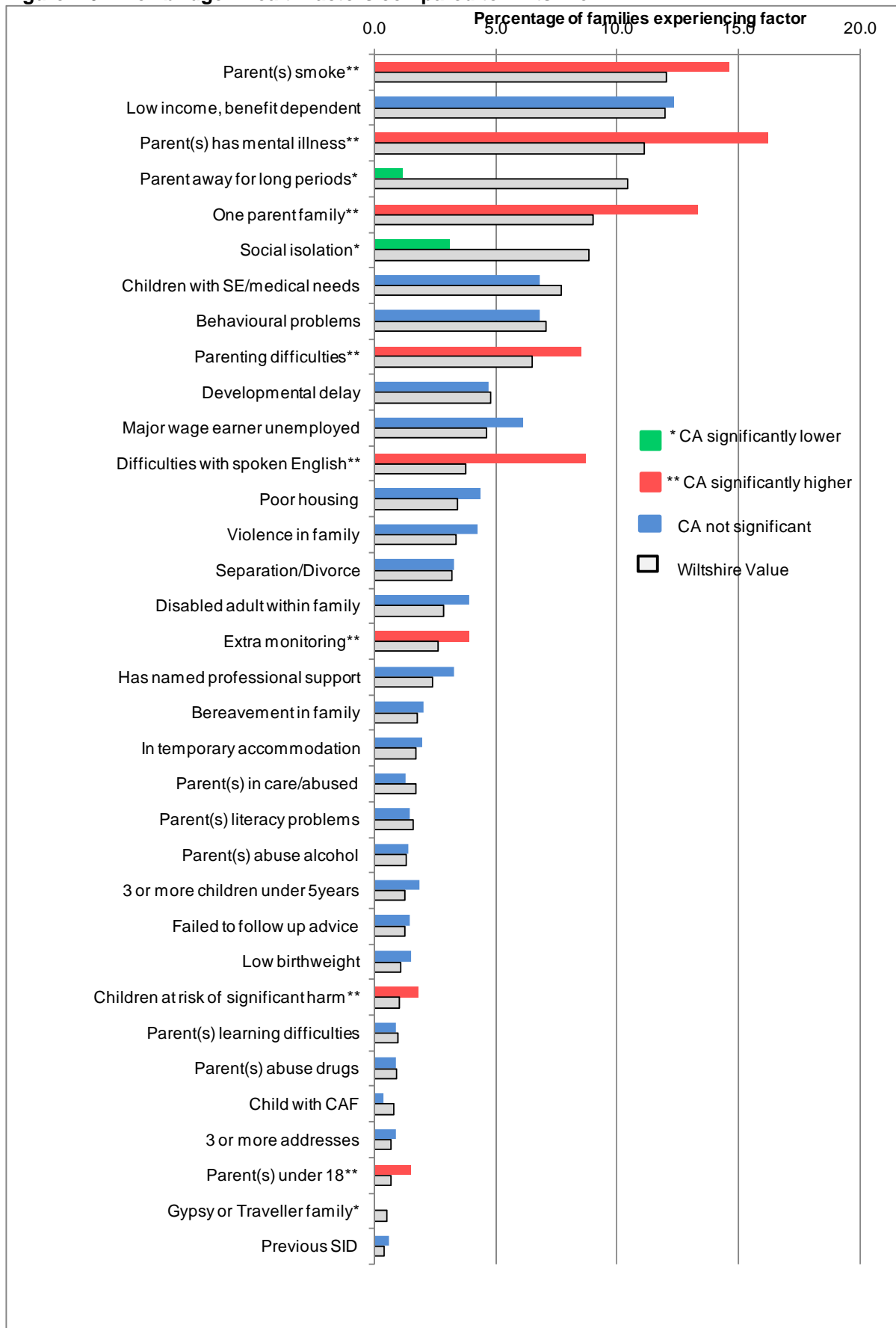
\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

^ small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed



**Figure 26– Trowbridge - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 54 – Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Trowbridge	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01032053	North Bradley - north	3.8
E01032078	Staverton & Hilperton (part)	10.9
E01032079	Hilperton (Marsh)	13.6
E01032080	Hilperton village (part) & Paxcroft Mead (part)	3.3
E01032083	Southwick & Wingfield	7.4
E01032085	Trowbridge Adcroft - Stallard	14.8
E01032086	Trowbridge Adcroft - Seymour	19.5
E01032087	Trowbridge Adcroft - Canal Road	11.4
E01032088	Trowbridge College - Silver Street	9.4
E01032089	Trowbridge College - central	10.7
E01032090	Trowbridge College - Clarendon (Frome Road)	8.2
E01032091	Trowbridge College - Upper Studley	13.5
E01032092	Trowbridge Drynham - Wiltshire Drive	2.1
E01032093	Trowbridge Drynham - Lower Studley	23.1
E01032094	Trowbridge Drynham - central	12.3
E01032095	Trowbridge Drynham - Croft	6.8
E01032096	Trowbridge John of Gaunt - Studley Green	30.3
E01032097	Trowbridge John of Gaunt - Broadmead	14.0
E01032098	Trowbridge John of Gaunt - Wingfield Road	7.0
E01032099	Trowbridge Park - Victoria Road & Paxcroft Mead (part)	9.1
E01032100	Trowbridge Park - north	12.5
E01032101	Trowbridge Park - central	13.4
E01032102	Trowbridge Park - Green Lane	8.7
<i>E01032077</i>	<i>Semington, Hilperton village (part) &amp; Paxcroft Mead (part)</i>	<i>2.4</i>
<i>E01032084</i>	<i>Keevil &amp; Ashtons</i>	<i>7.7</i>
<i>E01032052</i>	<i>Brokerswood</i>	<i>10.0</i>

Please note that LSOAs listed in italics are also listed as part of another Community Area. This is due to the LSOA overlapping the boundary of two Community Areas. Those in italics are listed at the bottom of the tables as the majority of LSOA is within the other community area.

## 5.18 Warminster

### Key points:

- Warminster has a similar percentage of vulnerable families to the Wiltshire average with 11.3% of families being classed as vulnerable.
- Two factors are statistically significantly less common than the Wiltshire average; behavioural problems and parenting difficulties.
- There are four factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average including major wage earner unemployed, parent away for long periods and difficulties with spoken English.
- The most common factor experienced by families is parent away for long periods of time (16%).
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families that are classed as vulnerable is Chitterne and Codfords with approximately one in four families being classed as vulnerable.

**Table 55– Warminster Summary**

	Warminster	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	962	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	109	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	11.3	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

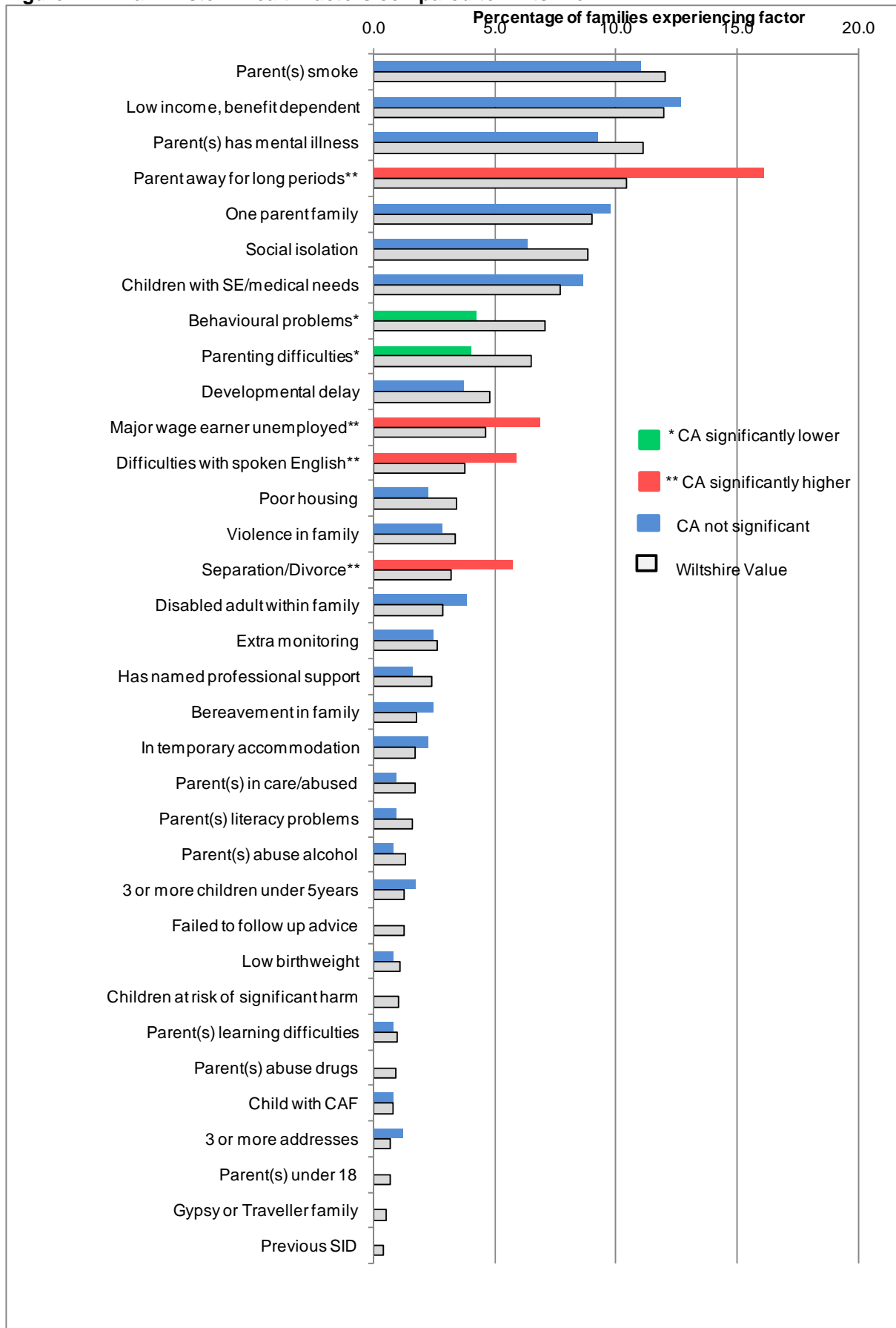
**Table 56– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable families</u>	<u>% of vulnerable families</u>
1 - Most Deprived	171	22	12.9
2	277	44	15.9
3	80	10	12.5
4	63	7	11.1
5 - Least Deprived	319	17	5.3
Not Available*	52	9	17.3
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>962</b>	<b>109</b>	<b>11.3</b>

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

**Figure 27– Warminster - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 57– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Warminster	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01032051	Chapmanslade & Corsley	11.8
E01032075	Chitterne & Codfords	25.0
E01032076	Heytesbury & Mid Wylve south	19.4
E01032081	Horningsham & Deverills south	8.3
E01032082	Sutton Veny	4.8
E01032103	Warminster East - central	10.6
E01032104	Warminster East - Boreham	21.8
E01032105	Warminster East - Woodcock	6.5
E01032106	Warminster East - Henfords Marsh (south)	15.6
E01032107	Warminster East - Imber Road	5.2
E01032108	Warminster East - Cop Heap	16.7
E01032109	Warminster West - south	13.7
E01032110	Warminster West - west	2.1
E01032111	Warminster West - Westbury Road	15.0
E01032112	Warminster West - north central	7.7
E01032113	Warminster West - south central	9.4
E01032114	Warminster West - east central	11.5
<i>E01032036</i>	<i>Zeals (part), Maiden Bradley, Kilmington &amp; Stourton</i>	<i>23.7</i>
<i>E01032054</i>	<i>Dilton Marsh &amp; Upton Scudamore</i>	<i>20.0</i>

Please note that LSOAs listed in italics are also listed as part of another Community Area. This is due to the LSOA overlapping the boundary of two Community Areas. Those in italics are listed at the bottom of the tables as the majority of LSOA is within the other community area.

## 5.19 Westbury

### Key points:

- Westbury has 16.8% of families that are classed as vulnerable.
- Two factors are statistically significantly less common than the Wiltshire average; social isolation and parent away for long periods of time.
- There are seven factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average including parent(s) smoke, one-parent families and parent(s) has mental illness.
- There are four factors that are higher in Westbury than in any other Community Area. These are behavioural problems (20.8%), developmental delay (10.1%), extra monitoring (6%) and low birthweight (joint highest with Wilton) (1.9%).
- The two most common factors experienced are behavioural problems (20.8%) and parent(s) mental illness (18.4%).
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of families classed as vulnerable is Westbury Ham – west with 36% of families being classed as vulnerable.

**Table 58 – Westbury Summary**

	Westbury	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	897	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	151	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	16.8	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

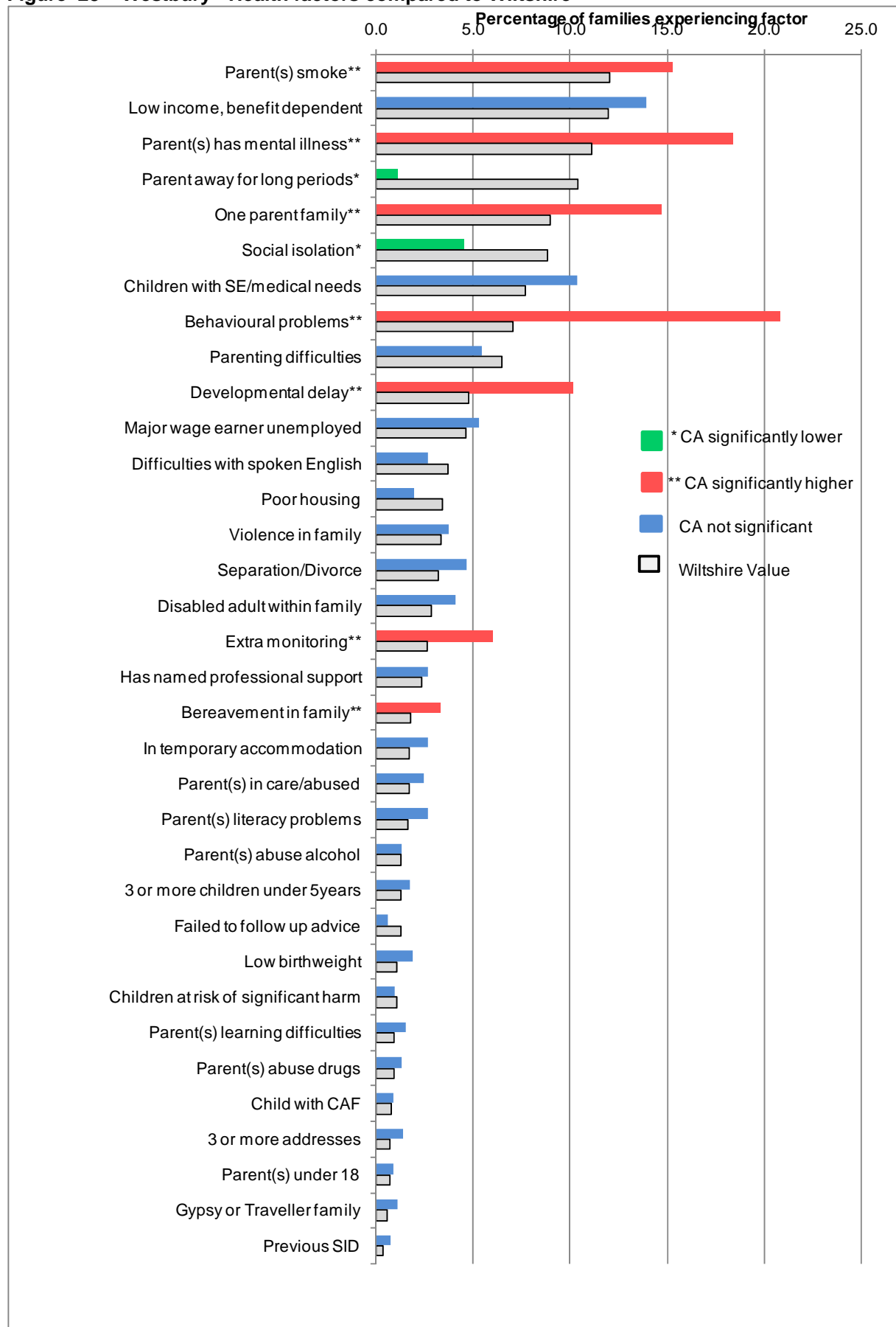
**Table 59 – Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable families</u>	<u>% of vulnerable families</u>
1 - Most Deprived	168	47	28.0
2	161	32	19.9
3	282	36	12.8
4	236	23	9.7
5 - Least Deprived	-	-	-
Not Available*	50	13	26.0
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>897</b>	<b>151</b>	<b>16.8</b>

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

**Figure 28 – Westbury - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 60– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

<b>LSOA Code</b>	<b>Westbury</b>	<b>% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u></b>
E01032052	Brokerswood	10.0
E01032054	Dilton Marsh & Upton Scudamore	20.0
E01032055	Edington, Coulston & Bratton - south	3.1
E01032056	Heywood & Bratton - north	19.6
E01032115	Westbury Ham - central	19.4
E01032116	Westbury Ham - north	8.8
E01032117	Westbury Ham - Eden Vale	16.4
E01032118	Westbury Ham - west	35.5
E01032119	Westbury Laverton - central	20.2
E01032120	Westbury Laverton - Leigh	12.1
E01032121	Westbury Laverton - east	6.4



## 5.20 Wilton

### Key points:

- 14.6% of families in Wilton are classed as vulnerable, it is one of the smallest Community Areas in terms of number of families, with 309 families surveyed.
- There are no factors that are statistically significantly less common in Wilton compared to the Wiltshire average.
- There are four factors that are statistically significantly worse than the Wiltshire average including major wage earner unemployed (8.7%), in temporary accommodation (5.5%) and low income, benefit dependent (18.4%).
- There are three factors are higher in Wilton than in any other area – major wage earner unemployed, in temporary accommodation and low birthweight (low birthweight joint with Westbury).
- The most common factor experienced by families in Wilton is low income (benefit dependent) with 18.4% of families experiencing this factor.
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of vulnerable families is Wilton rural and Quidhampton, with approximately one in five families being classed as vulnerable.

**Table 61– Wilton Summary**

	Wilton	Wiltshire
<b>Number of families</b>	309	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	45	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	14.6	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 62– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire	All families	<u>Vulnerable families</u>	<u>% of vulnerable families</u>
1 - Most Deprived	95 <sup>^</sup>	18	18.9
2	90 <sup>^</sup>	12	13.3
3	121	15	12.4
4	-	-	-
5 - Least Deprived	-	-	-
Not Available*	-	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>14.6</b>

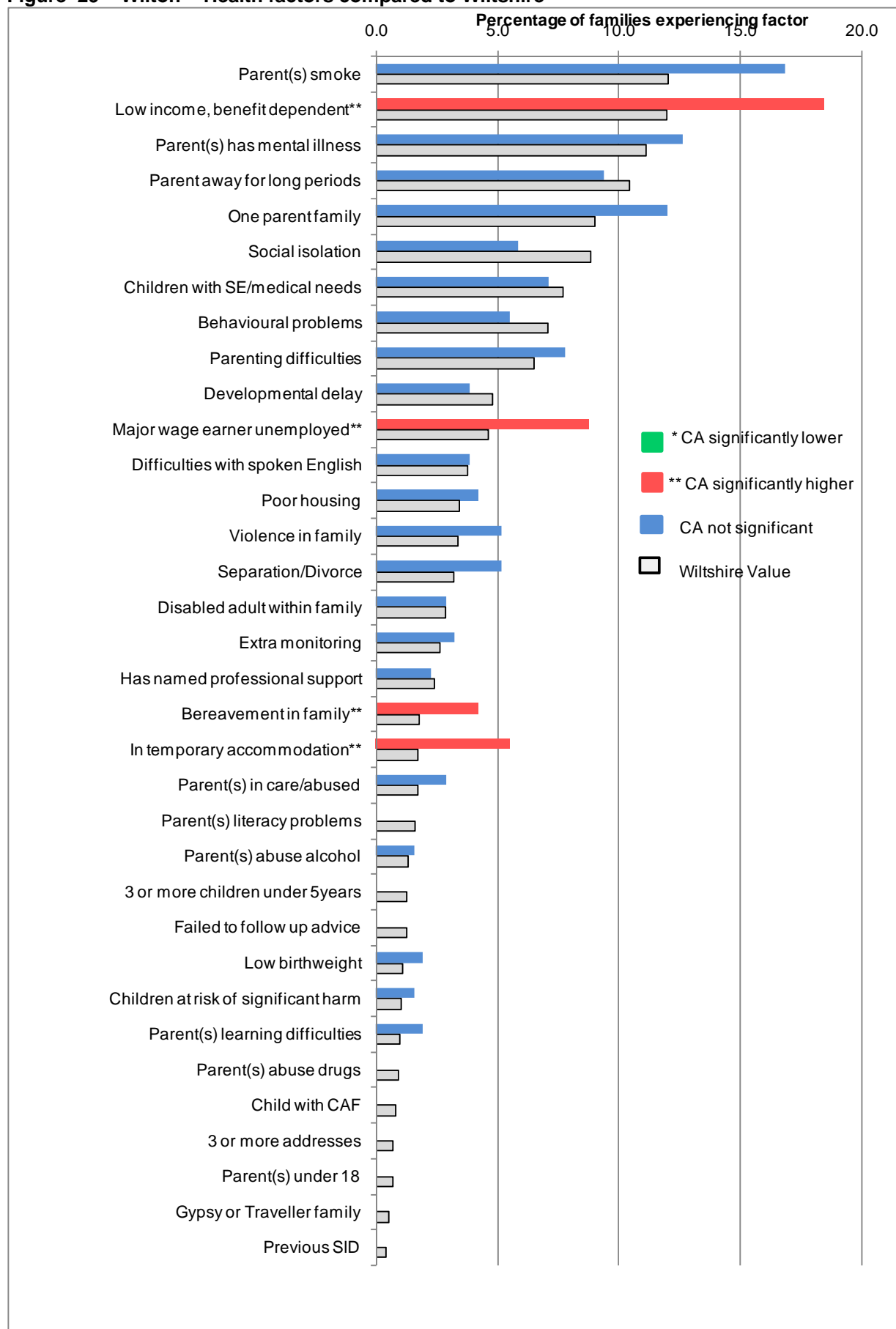
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

<sup>^</sup> small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 29 – Wilton - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 63– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

LSOA Code	Wilton	% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u>
E01031990	Chalke Valley	-
E01032004	Dinton, Barford St Martin, Chilmark & Fonthill Bishop	7.7
E01032038	Wilton south	6.8
E01032039	Wilton north	15.6
E01032040	Wilton rural & Quidhampton	20.0
E01032013	South Newton, Great Wishford, Durnford & Woodfords	10.1
<i>E01032000</i>	<i>Coombe Bissett, Odstock, Britford &amp; Netherhampton</i>	<i>17.2</i>
<i>E01031991</i>	<i>Donheads</i>	<i>20.0</i>

Please note that LSOAs listed in italics are also listed as part of another Community Area. This is due to the LSOA overlapping the boundary of two Community Areas. Those in italics are listed at the bottom of the tables as the majority of LSOA is within the other community area.

## 5.21 Wootton Bassett & Cricklade

### Key points:

- 7.5% of families in Wootton Bassett & Cricklade are classed as vulnerable.
- There are seven factors which are statistically significantly less common than the Wiltshire average. These include one parent family, violence within family and poor housing.
- There are two factors that are statistically significantly more common than the Wiltshire average, parent away for long periods and social isolation.
- The most common factor experienced by families in Wootton Bassett & Cricklade is parent away for long periods of time which affects 23% of families.
- The LSOA with the highest percentage of vulnerable families is Wootton Bassett North – Central with 23% of families being classed as vulnerable.

**Table 64– Wootton Bassett & Cricklade Summary**

	<b>Wootton Bassett &amp; Cricklade</b>	<b>Wiltshire</b>
<b>Number of families</b>	947	19,271
<b>Number of vulnerable families</b>	71	2,261
<b>% of vulnerable families</b>	7.5	11.7

Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 65– Index of Multiple Deprivation (2007) and vulnerable families**

<b>Deprivation Quintiles for Wiltshire</b>	<b>All families</b>	<b><u>Vulnerable</u> families</b>	<b><u>% of vulnerable</u> families</b>
1 - Most Deprived	118	22	18.6
2	155	21	13.5
3	45	5^	11.1
4	172	10*	5.8
5 - Least Deprived	442	14	3.2
Not Available*	15	-	-
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>947</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>7.5</b>

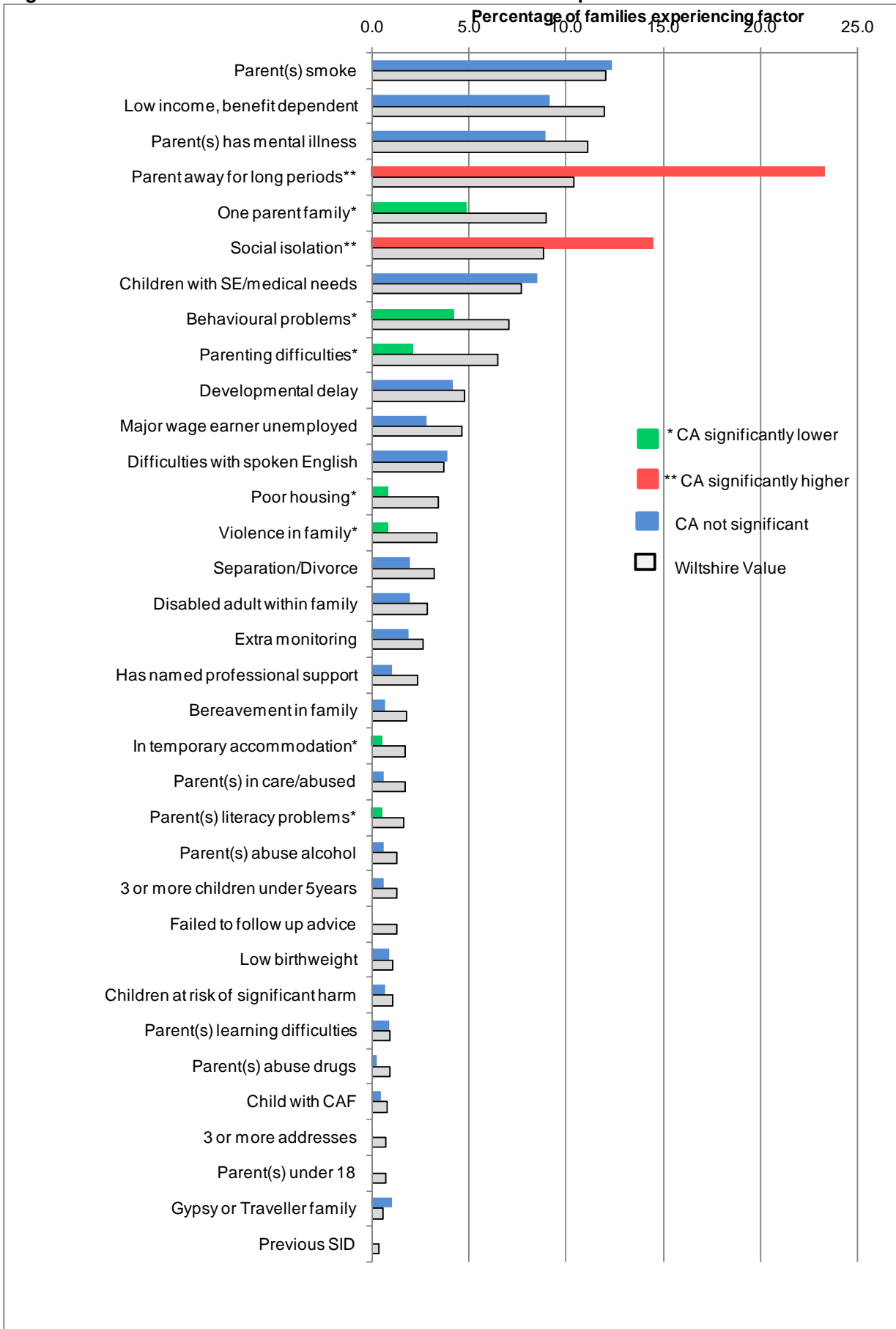
Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

\* Unfortunately it has not been possible to match all families to IMD quintile

^ small number has been rounded

- number has been suppressed

**Figure 30– Wootton Bassett & Cricklade - Health factors compared to Wiltshire**



Source: NHS Wiltshire Vulnerable Families Survey, 2010

**Table 66– Percentage of families classed as vulnerable by LSOA**

<b>LSOA Code</b>	<b>Wootton Bassett &amp; Cricklade</b>	<b>% of families that are <u>vulnerable</u></b>
E01031934	Cricklade west & Chelworth Green	2.7
E01031935	Cricklade east, Latton & Marston Maisey	7.7
E01031936	Cricklade central	21.3
E01031943	Lyneham north	4.3
E01031944	Lyneham east, Tockenham & Clyffe Pypard	9.7
E01031945	Bradenstoke	-
E01031946	Lyneham south	4.9
E01031954	Purton east	-
E01031955	Purton central	-
E01031956	Purton south & Braydon	12.7
E01031961	Broad Town & Hook	5.3
E01031962	Lydiard Millicent	-
E01031963	Wootton Bassett North - central	23.4
E01031964	Wootton Bassett North - east	5.0
E01031965	Wootton Bassett North - north west	5.7
E01031966	Wootton Bassett South - south east	7.1
E01031967	Wootton Bassett South - central	10.7
E01031968	Wootton Bassett South - west	-
E01031969	Wootton Bassett South - east	1.8

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## 5.24 APPENDIX 1- FORM Wiltshire Family Health Needs Profile 2010/11

Number of children in the family:	
Less than 2 years	
2-4 years (inclusive)	
5-15 years (inclusive)	

Family postcode:

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GP Practice

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1. One parent family	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
2. Violence within the family	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
3. Difficulties with spoken English	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
4. Separation and/or divorce in last year	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
5. Parent(s) have learning difficulties	(1 point per parent)	
6. Parent(s) have literacy problems	(1 point per parent)	
7. Parent(s) are under 18 now	(1 point per parent)	
8. Parent(s) 'in care' or abused as a child	(1 point per parent)	
9. Children at risk of significant harm (including those subject to a child protection plan)	(1 point per child)	
10. Three or more children within the household aged under five years	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
11. Has named social worker, probation officer or other equivalent professional support	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
12. A bereavement which is significant to the family	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
13. Major wage earner is unemployed	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
14. Low income, dependant on benefits	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
15. Poor housing having detrimental effect	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
16. In temporary accommodation	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
17. Three or more changes of address in last year	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
18. Parent(s) abuse alcohol	(1 point per parent)	
19. Parent(s) smoke	(1 point per parent)	
20. Parent(s) abuse drugs	(1 point per parent)	
21. Disabled or chronically sick adult within the household or close family	(1 point per adult)	
22. Parent has depression or other mental health illness	(1 point per adult)	
23. Low birthweight (only children born in the last year)	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
24. Previous sudden infant death (S.I.D.) in the family	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
25. Centiles indicate the need for extra monitoring	(1 point per child)	
26. Children with special educational or medical needs	(1 point per child)	
27. Developmental delay	(1 point per child)	
28. Behavioural problems	(1 point per child)	
29. Family affected by social isolation	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
30. Gypsy or Traveller family	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
31. Parenting difficulties	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
32. Failed to follow up professional recommendation to seek medical opinion	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
33. Parent away regularly for long periods of time	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	
34. Child in family with active Common Assessment Framework (CAF)	( <input type="checkbox"/> =no, 1=yes)	

## 5.25 APPENDIX 2 - INDICATOR DEFINITIONS

### Indicator definitions

1. **One parent family.**  
Single parent living alone without a permanent partner. This does not include a parent whose partner is working away from home, but does include a parent whose partner is in prison.
2. **Violence within the family.**  
This includes physical and verbal violence, either reported by a parent or shared with the health visitor on a 'need to know' basis by another agency.
3. **Difficulties with spoken English.**  
Families where an interpreter would be useful.
4. **Separation and/or divorce in last year.**  
Separation applies to married and unmarried couples.
5. **Parent(s) have learning difficulties.**  
Recognised learning difficulties that required or still require additional educational support (one point per parent).
6. **Parent(s) have literacy problems.**  
Either reported by a parent or shared with the health visitor on a 'need to know' basis by another agency (one point per parent).
7. **Parent(s) are under 18 now.**  
Parent(s) who are under 18 at the time of completion (one point per parent).
8. **Parent(s) 'in care'/abused as a child.**  
Either reported by a parent or shared with the health visitor on a 'need to know' basis by another agency (one point per parent).
9. **Children at risk of significant harm including those with a child protection plan.**  
Children at risk of significant harm as defined by the Children's Act, such as those discussed with a senior line manager or named nursed, together with those subject to a child protection plan (one point per child).
10. **Three or more children in the household aged under five years.**  
Self explanatory.
11. **Has named social worker, probation officer or other equivalent professional support.**  
Self-explanatory.
12. **Bereavement significant to the family.**  
Self-explanatory.
13. **Major wage earner is unemployed.**  
Self-explanatory.
14. **Low income, dependent on benefits.**  
This includes families who are dependent on benefits such as Income Support, Job Seekers Allowance and Working Family Tax Credit. It does not include those who receive Disability Living Allowance as their only benefit.
15. **Poor housing having a detrimental effect.**  
Families where the health visitor has involved another agency, as the housing situation is detrimental to health.

- 16. In temporary accommodation.**  
Self-explanatory.
- 17. Three or more changes of address in last year.**  
Self-explanatory.
- 18. Parent(s) abuse alcohol.**  
Either reported by a parent or shared with the health visitor on a 'need to know' basis by another agency (one point per parent).
- 19. Parent(s) smoke.**  
Either reported by a parent or shared with the health visitor on a 'need to know' basis by another agency (one point per parent).
- 20. Parent(s) abuse drugs.**  
Either reported by a parent or shared with the health visitor on a 'need to know' basis by another agency (one point per parent).
- 21. Disabled or chronically sick adult within the household/close family.**  
Adult household member(s) or close relative(s) that the family is supporting due to their disability or chronic sickness (one point per adult).
- 22. Parent has depression or other mentally health illness.**  
Either reported by a parent or shared with the health visitor on a 'need to know' basis by another agency (one point per adult).
- 23. Low birthweight.**  
Birthweight under 2.5 kg. Only for children born in the last year.
- 24. Previous sudden infant death (S.I.D.) in the family.**  
Self explanatory.
- 25. Centiles indicate need for extra monitoring.**  
Children who have been monitored during the last year (one point per child).
- 26. Children with special educational/medical needs.**  
Children with special educational or medical needs that require ongoing assessment and care by a paediatrician or other multi-disciplinary team, including CAMHs (one point per child).
- 27. Developmental delay.**  
Children who require extra monitoring but are not yet recognised as having special needs (one point per child).
- 28. Behavioural problems.**  
Children where a planned programme of intervention has been required during the last year to address issues such as; feeding difficulties, sleep difficulties, toilet training issues, negative or disruptive behaviour, etc (one point per child).
- 29. Family affected by social isolation.**  
The separation of individuals or families resulting in the lack of social contact and/or communication. This separation may be due to physical, social or psychological factors. There may be interaction but no real communication.
- 30. Gypsy or Traveller family.**  
Includes families living at registered or informal sites.
- 31. Parenting difficulties.**  
Requiring regular input from a band 6 nurse.

- 32. Failed to follow up professional recommendation to seek medical opinion.**  
Including failure at to attend an appointment with another health professional.
- 33. Parent away regularly for long periods of time.**  
One parent away for more than 6 months in a 12 month period.
- 34. Child in family with active Common Assessment Framework (CAF).**  
Self explanatory.

## 5.26 Appendix 3 - Data Quality

There were a number of factors that caused data quality challenges. The most significant challenges are in the table below:

Challenge	Example	Resolution
Large numbers of children	Some families had large numbers of children within an age bracket, e.g. 13 families had 11 children in the 2-4 age group	All large numbers have been changed to 1
Missing/Incomplete postcodes	Blank field or SP5 or SN10 - missing or incomplete postcodes. 1,300 cases where the postcode could not be linked to a Community Area	<p>Postcodes were looked up against the whole of the South West and South East. 300 postcodes were found to be out of county (Swindon, Hampshire and Gloucester were most common).</p> <p>Where there was an incomplete postcode, but enough to match to a community area (e.g. SP9 7) then this was matched to the area.</p> <p>In the final data 708 families could not be assigned to a community area.</p>
Missing/incorrect GP codes	Blank field or 1	Unfortunately due to the nature of GP practices not having defined geographical boundaries there were no options to try and match families with GPs - this meant that cases could not be assigned to a Health Visiting Team.