

## Section 5: health promotion and preventative services

# Pharmaceutical needs assessment



a single version of the truth



**NHS**  
Wiltshire

*Clinical Commissioning Group*

**Wiltshire Council**  
Where everybody matters



## Related briefings in the JSA for Health and Wellbeing

Briefing (and hyperlink)	Section
<a href="#">Entire section</a>	Children and young people
<a href="#">Cardiovascular disease</a>	Burden of ill-health: general health
<a href="#">Diabetes</a>	Burden of ill-health: general health
<a href="#">Respiratory disease</a>	Burden of ill-health: general health
<a href="#">Communicable disease</a>	Burden of ill-health: general health
<a href="#">Entire section</a>	Health promotion and preventative services

## Outcome Frameworks Summary

The Public Health Outcomes Framework for England, 2013-2016<sup>1</sup> outlines the overarching vision for public health as “to improve and protect the nation’s health and wellbeing, and improve the health of the poorest fastest”. The following indicators from this framework are relevant to this section.

Framework	Reference	Indicator
Public Health	1.9	Sickness absence rate
Public Health	2.3	Smoking status at time of delivery
Public Health	2.4	Under 18 conceptions
Public Health	2.6	Excess weight in 4-5 and 10-11 year olds
Public Health	2.9	Smoking prevalence – 15 year olds
Public Health	2.10	Hospital admissions as a result of self-harm
Public Health	2.11	Diet (Placeholder)
Public Health	2.12	Excess weight in adults
Public Health	2.13	Proportion of physically active and inactive adults
Public Health	2.14	Smoking prevalence – adults (over 18s)
Public Health	2.15	Successful completion of drug treatment
Public Health	2.17	Recorded diabetes
Public Health	2.18	Alcohol-related admissions to hospital
Public Health	3.2	Chlamydia diagnoses (15-24 year olds)
Public Health	4.4	Mortality from cardiovascular diseases (including heart disease and stroke)
Public Health	4.7	Mortality from respiratory diseases
Public Health	4.8	Mortality from communicable diseases
Public Health	4.13	Health-related quality of life for older people

## Edition

Edition	Version no.	Changes/Comments
2012/13	1	N/A
2013/14	1	N/A

## Pharmaceutical needs

### Executive summary

The Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment is a key tool for identifying what is needed at local level to support the commissioning intentions for pharmaceutical services and other services that could be delivered by community pharmacies and other providers. It will enable Wiltshire Council and NHS Wiltshire CCG to undertake a number of commissioning and regulatory functions in relation to the provision of high quality pharmaceutical services for its population. The Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment maps current provision, assesses local need and identifies any gaps in provision. The PNA will also inform NHS England's decisions on applications to open new pharmacies and dispensing appliance contractor premises.

NHS Wiltshire's pharmaceutical needs assessment (PNA)<sup>2</sup> was written and published in 2011. It is available from the Wiltshire Intelligence Network: <http://tinyurl.com/WiltsPNA2011>.

A Supplementary Statement containing all factual changes to pharmaceutical provision since publication of the first PNA in February 2011 has been produced by NHS England: <http://tinyurl.com/WiltsPNA2011SS>

After the health services reorganisation in 2013 which resulted in the abolition of Primary Care Trusts (PCTs), creation of Clinical Commissioning Groups (CCGs) and transfer of Public Health to Local Government, the PNA has become a statutory duty for the Health and Wellbeing Board. In line with the regulations, the board will develop and publish a Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment (PNA) by 1st April 2015<sup>3</sup>.

### Challenges for consideration

These are the conclusions from Wiltshire's 2011 pharmaceutical needs assessment:

- Taking into account local demography and the provision of pharmaceutical services in Wiltshire, it is evident that there is adequate provision of such facilities. Services are accessible in a range of locations and in a variety of set ups.
- Each Community Area has at least one Community Pharmacy within it, and the opening hours of these pharmacies generally reflect the population density. Although over a third of the public had not accessed community pharmacies outside office hours, it is noted that many stated they would not know how to find out about such opening times should the need arise.
- There is a variation in the range of enhanced services provided across Wiltshire and within the different Community Areas. This provision is reflective of need, with specific enhanced services being delivered in areas where disease and lifestyle factors suggest they are required. There is however scope for further development in relation to the provision of enhanced services in Wiltshire.

## Contact information

### Document prepared by:

**Tom Frost**  
Public Health Scientist  
Wiltshire Public Health  
Telephone: 01225 716791  
Email: [tom.frost@wiltshire.gov.uk](mailto:tom.frost@wiltshire.gov.uk)

### With input from:

Aimee Stimpson, Head of Planning and Performance, Public Health Wiltshire

---

<sup>1</sup> Healthy Lives, Healthy People: Improving outcomes and supporting transparency, Department of Health, January 2012 <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/healthy-lives-healthy-people-improving-outcomes-and-supporting-transparency>

<sup>2</sup> Wiltshire's Pharmaceutical Needs Assessment, Wiltshire Pharmaceutical Services Steering Group. Public Health, NHS Wiltshire, January 2011. url: <http://www.wiltshire.nhs.uk/Public/Local-health-services/pharmacies.htm>

<sup>3</sup> This requirement is set out by the National Health Service (Pharmaceutical Services and Local Pharmaceutical Services) (Amendment) Regulations 2013 <http://www.legislation.gov.uk/uksi/2013/349/contents/made>